United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms

For NPS use only received date entered

1. Name	sections		
historic The Atelier Building			
and or common Edrington Bank; C	ameron Alread Archi	tect, Inc.	
2. Location			
street & number 209 W. 8th St.		1	N/A not for publication
city, town Fort Worth	N/A_ vicinity of		
state Texas coo	de 048 county	Tarrant	code 439
3. Classification			
Category Ownership district publicX building(s)X private structure both object	Status _X occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible _X yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agricultureX commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Owner of Prope name L. Cameron Alread, Jr. street & number 209 W. 8th St.			
city, town Fort Worth	N/A vicinity of	state	Texas 76102
5. Location of Leg	al Description	on	
courthouse, registry of deeds, etc.	ant County Courthous	se	
street & number 100 W. Weatherfor	d		
city, town		state	Texas
6. Representation	in Existing	Surveys	
title Historic Sites Inventory	has this pro	perty been determined el	ligible?yes _X no
date 1980		federalX sta	te county local
depository for survey records Texas H	istorical Commission	ı	
city, town Austin		state	Texas

7. Description

Condition excellent	deteriorated	Check one unaltered	Check one _X original site	
_X good fair	ruins unexposed	_X altered	moved	date N/A

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Atelier Building is one of the more noteworthy and intact of Fort Worth's turn-of-the-century commercial buildings. Featuring stylish Sullivanesque bas-relief ornamentation, the Atelier Building's diminutive scale contrasts with that of surrounding, considerably larger structures. The structure has recently been rehabilitated.

The Atelier Building is a two-story, semidetached brick commercial building with hipped roof. The principal (north) facade features a single door, simple plate-glass store window and a marble veneer (unusual for Fort Worth) at the ground-floor level. The second floor has four one-over-one windows separated by extraordinary Sullivanesque classical cast-stone ornamentation. A panel above the windows formerly contained the name of the building, and is surmounted by cast-stone ornamental discs. A chimney arises at each of the two front corners, with further classically inspired cast-stone panels and crowns. Scalloped rafter ends are found on the front and exposed sides of the roof.

The alley (east) side of the structure is faced with brick laid in common bond pattern. The wall is broken at both first- and second-floor levels with one-over-one windows set in arched openings. Security grillwork was recently added to the ground-floor windows.

The interior of the building has been remodeled numerous times over the years, and the most recent rehabilitation transformed the structure into modern office space. The major exterior change, and this to the main facade, was the removal of a plate-glass window and adjoining glass-brick window, neither original, and their replacement with a simple three-part modern window. The original configuration of that feature is not known, as there are no historic photographs of the building. The exterior of the building, painted at an unknown time, has been repainted a lighter color to emphasize the ornamental detailing. None of the changes has significantly affected the integrity of the building.

8. Significance

prehistoric 1400-1499 1500-1599 1600-1699 1700-1799 1800-1899 X 1900-	archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture X architecture art X commerce communications	community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration settlement industry invention	landscape architecture law literature military music philosophy politics/government	religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
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Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

"The Atelier," with its scalloped wooden rafter tails, is one of two remaining, hip-roofed commercial buildings in Fort Worth's downtown business district. Although not unique when constructed, it is now a rare and attractive example of the small commercial buildings dating from the early 1900s, an example of growth for Fort Worth. The Atelier has sheltered many architects, bankers and others associated with Fort Worth's growth and development. Thus this building is noteworthy not only for its architectural features, but also for its association with personalities involved in the development of Fort Worth.

In May, 1904, Nashville, Tennessee capitalist Thomas Shadrack Weaver (1850-1911) purchased the land on which the Atelier Building now stands. He first constructed the adjoining Kingsley Building and, in 1905, began work on the Atelier Building.

The early 20th century was a time of tremendous growth in Fort Worth, as the city's population nearly tripled between 1900 and 1910. While doubtless many commercial buildings comparable to the Atelier Building were constructed at that time, few have survived in a recognizable form. The construction of the Atelier Building was apparently done as a speculative venture. The Atelier is distinguished among contemporaneous buildings for its modest but effective architectural detailing. The hipped roof with scalloped rafter ends, the marble-veneered, ground-floor entrance front and, above all, the bas-relief cast-stone ornamentation executed in a Sullivanesque manner are all indicative of a sophistication uncommon in Texas commercial buildings of the period.

Weaver sold the Atelier building to bankers William Garland Newby and A.J. Long on November 26, 1906 for the sum of \$21,300.00. Otho S. Houston and W.L. Smallwood, the building's first tenants, operated a private unincorporated bank on the first floor. The second floor was occupied at this time by the architectural firm of Steward Wemyss-Smith and Lucius G. Schenk. They were most likely the architects of the building, as they are credited with giving it the title "The Atelier." On February 9, 1917, the building was purchased by W.R. Edrington and Company Bankers. This unincorporated bank occupied the building until 1920. The building is still sometimes called the Edrington Bank by people who recall Mr. Edrington's contributions to Fort Worth's growth and development.

Several architectural firms after Smith and Schenk occupied the second floor in these early years. In 1909, architect Marion L. Waller moved in, and in 1911 formed

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the architectural partnership of Waller & Field with Stanley E. Field.* Field left in 1912, but another architect, Emil C. Muller, moved into the Atelier building soon after. Waller and Muller shared the second floor until 1915. By 1918, the second floor was occupied by several construction firms, and by the 1920s the Atelier building was occupied by construction, petroleum, cotton, and financial institutions.

In 1929, the Fort Worth Building and Loan Association became the ground-floor tenant, with architect Wyatt C. Hedrick as its president. The second floor became a store room for the Carnegie Library. In 1936, during the construction of the new library, the Atelier became the temporary home of the main Carnegie Library. The Fort Worth Building and Loan Association returned in 1937, remaining until 1941. Insurance and real estate offices were to occupy this building for the next 22 years. From 1971 to 1980 a seafood restaurant was located here, and in 1980 the Atelier Building was purchased by its present owner for use, once more, as architects' offices.

^{*}While in the Atelier Building, Waller & Field designed the M.G. Ellis School (National Register, 1983) of Fort Worth.

9. Major Bibliographical Refe	erences
Deed Records, Tarrant County Courthouse, Fort	Worth
City directories for Fort Worth, 1900 to prese	nt (see continuation sheet)
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of nominated property <u>less than 1 acre</u> Quadrangle name <u>Haltom City</u> , Texas UTM References	Quadrangle scale1:24000
A 1 4 6 5 6 4 2 5 3 6 2 4 7 4 5 Zone Easting Northing	Zone Easting Northing
C	
Verbal boundary description and justification 25x50 feet out of the northeast corner of lot the city of Fort Worth, Tarrant County, Texas. said lot 8; thence south 60° west along the so	Beginning at the northeast corner of uth (see continuation sheet)
List all states and counties for properties overlapping state N/A code county	
state N/A code county	code
state code county	code
11. Form Prepared By	
organization L. Cameron Alread, Jr., Architect, In	Flagg Maxson, Texas Historical Commission c. date 1979 (1984)
street & number 209 W. 8th St.	telephone (817) 332-6231
city or town Fort Worth	state Texas 76102
12. State Historic Preservati	on Officer Certification
The evaluated significance of this property within the state is:	
national stateX local	
As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the Natio 665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National I according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National	Register and certify that it has been evaluated
State Historic Preservation Officer signature	is fundly
title State Historic Preservation Officer	date/4 June 1984
For NPS use only	
I hereby certify that this property is included in the National F	2/4
Keeper of the National Register	date
Attest:	date
Chief of Registration	2010

OMB No. 1024-0018 Exp. 10-31-84

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Manuscript by Billie Williams covering personalities, organizations, and dates associated with the Atelier, on file at the Texas Historical Commission, Austin.

Resource Characteristics. Fort Worth: Historic Preservation Council for Tarrant County, 1982.

Tarrant County Historic Resources Survey: Principal Findings.

NPS Form 10-900-a (3-82) OMB No. 1024-0018 Exp. 10-31-84

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side of W. 8th St. 25 feet, thence south 30° east parallel with Throckmorton St. 50 feet, thence north 60° east 25 feet to the west line of an alley, thence north 30° west 50 feet to the place of beginning.





