

### COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

TARRANT COUNTY, TEXAS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2002

## TARRANT COUNTY, TEXAS COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2002

Prepared By

County Auditor's Office

S. Renee Tidwell, CPA

**County Auditor** 

# TARRANT COUNTY, TEXAS COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2002 TABLE OF CONTENTS

#### **INTRODUCTORY SECTION**

County Auditor's Letter of Transmittal	i
Government Finance Officers Association Certificate of Achievement	
for Excellence in Financial Reporting	vi
County Organizational Chart	vii
Principal Officials	viii
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	14
Statement of Activities	16
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Fund Balance	
to the Net Assets	22
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances-Governmental Funds	24
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	26
Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Funds	27
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	
Fund Net Assets - Proprietary Funds	28
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	29
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Fiduciary Funds	30
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets - Fiduciary Funds	31
Notes to the Financial Statements	32
Required Supplementary Information:	
Texas County and District Retirement System Trend Data	71
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and changes in Fund	
Balances - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) - General Fund & Road and Bridge	72
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
Nonmajor Fund Descriptions	75
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	78
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	0.0
Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	80

# TARRANT COUNTY, TEXAS COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2002 TABLE OF CONTENTS

#### FINANCIAL SECTION (cont'd)

Internal Service Fund Descriptions		83
Combining Statement of Net Assets - Internal Service Funds		84
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and		
Changes in Fund Net Assets - Internal Service Funds		85
Combining Statement of Cash Flows - Internal Service Funds		86
Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds:		
Schedule by Source		87
Schedule by Function and Activity		88
Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity		94
<u>STATISTICAL SECTION</u>		
	<u>Table</u>	Page(s)
General Government Expenditures by Function	I	97
General Government Revenues by Source	II	98
Net Taxable Valuations, Current Roll Collections and Delinquent Taxes	III	99
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	IV	100
Schedule of Legal Debt Margin	V	101
Direct and Overlapping Ad Valorem Tax Rates	VI	102
Ratio of General Bonded Debt to Assessed Values and Bonded		
Debt per Capita	VII	104
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded		
Debt to Total General Government Expenditures	VIII	105
Estimated Consolidated Overlapping Debt	IX	106
Construction and Bank Deposits	X	108
Ten Largest Taxpayers	XI	109
Miscellaneous Statistics	XII	110

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



#### TARRANT COUNTY

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May 26, 2003

The Honorable Board of District Judges The Honorable Commissioners Court Tarrant County, Texas

The comprehensive annual financial report of Tarrant County, Texas (the "County) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2002 is submitted herewith. This report is submitted in compliance with Section 114.025 of the Texas Local Government Code and has been prepared by the County Auditor's staff.

This report consists of management's representation concerning the finances of the County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the County's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The County's financial statements have been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2002, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2002, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the County was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in Tarrant County's separately issued Single Audit Report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

#### **Profile of the County**

Tarrant County is a political subdivision of the State of Texas and was organized in 1849. The County is an urban county located in the north central part of Texas. Fort Worth serves as the county seat to a county population of approximately 1.4 million citizens. It is one of the fastest growing urban counties in the United States today.

The Commissioners Court is the general governing body of the County. The Court is made up of the four County Commissioners, each elected from one of the County's four precincts, and the County Judge who is elected countywide and presides over the full Court. The Commissioners and the County Judge are elected to four-year staggered terms. Despite the name, the Commissioners Court is not a judicial court, but is the general governing body of the County. Among the major duties of the Court, the Court is to: 1) Set the tax rate and adopt the County budget; 2) Appoint County officials and hire personnel; 3) Fill elective and appointee vacancies; 4) Establish voting precincts, appoint precinct judges and call County bond elections; 5) Let contracts and authorize payment of all County bills; 6) Build and maintain County roads and bridges; 7) Build, maintain and improve County facilities, including jails; 8) Provide for hospitals, public welfare and veterans assistance; 9) Provide for the data service and archival needs of the County; and 10) Appoint an Administrator to oversee the operations of those departments reporting to the Court.

The County provides those services allowed by the Constitution and Statutes of the State of Texas. Services include, but not limited to, law enforcement, judicial proceedings, probation monitoring services, juvenile services, recording services related to judicial proceedings, public health and welfare, maintaining road and bridges, principally within the unincorporated areas of the County, and other related governmental functions. Tarrant County is also financially accountable for the Tarrant County Hospital District, Mental Health and Mental Retardation Services of Tarrant County, Tarrant County Housing Finance Corporation, Tarrant County Industrial Development Corporation, and the Tarrant County Health Facilities Development Corporation, all of which are reported separately within the County's financial statements. Additional information on all these legally separate entities can be found in Note 1.a in the notes to the financial statements.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the County's financial planning and control. Departmental annual budget requests are submitted to the County Budget Officer during the third quarter of the fiscal year for the upcoming fiscal year to begin October 1. The County Auditor

prepares an estimate of available resources for the upcoming fiscal year. The County Budget Officer prepares the proposed annual operating budget to be presented to the Commissioners Court for their consideration. Public hearings are held on the proposed budget. The Commissioners Court must adopt an annual operating budget by a majority vote before September 30. The legal level of budgetary control is the line item within each department. Commissioners Court may legally amend the budget. Management must seek approval of Commissioners Court to transfer appropriation between two separate line items, even within the same department. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for the General Fund and the Road and Bridge Fund. These comparisons are presented on page 72 as part of the required supplementary information.

#### **Factors Affecting Financial Condition**

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the County operates.

Local economy. The County currently enjoys a favorable economic environment and local indicators point to continued stability. The major sectors of the County's health and diverse economy are in aircraft and electronics manufacturing, tourism, retail trade and transportation. Industries located in Tarrant County include aerospace, computer, automobile manufacturing, oil and gas, livestock, agri-business and financial services.

Major factors of this continued stability and growth include:

Alliance Industrial Park: The world's first master-planned airport, designed specifically to meet the needs of business, has become a magnet for new industry. Developed by the Perot Group in cooperation with the Federal Aviation Administration, the City of Fort Worth, and other neighboring communities, it is also an industrial park, a business community, and an international trade center. Five business parks within the Alliance project include the operations of American Airlines, Federal Express, U. S. Drug Enforcement Agency, Nokia Mobile Phones, Nestle Distribution Company, James River Paper Company and the Burlington Northern/Santa Fe Railroad. Additional facilities are being constructed for B F Goodrich Aerospace and Bearings, Inc.

University of North Texas Health Science Center: The University of North Texas Health Science Center is constructing a new \$10 million education building and laboratory on its Fort Worth campus. The four-story, 71,000 square foot facility will consolidate campus clinics into a single location.

**Burlington Northern Santa Fe Railroad:** Burlington Northern has completed construction of its \$100 million Network Operation Center (NOC) on the company's Western Center Boulevard property in north Fort Worth. The NOC, comprised of two buildings totaling more than 250,000 square feet, is a high-tech, state of the art facility which serves as the control and tracking center for all of Burlington's railroads throughout the United States.

Lockheed Martin: In October 2001, the U.S. Department of Defense awarded a contract valued at \$200 billion to Lockheed Martin for the production of aircraft that will be used by the U.S. Air Force, Navy, and Marines, as well as the Untied Kingdom's Royal Air Force and Navy. The contract, which is the largest defense contract in U.S. history, is projected to create 31,000 jobs for Tarrant County.

Long-term financial planning. The County issues debt to finance acquisition of personal property, capital renovations and improvements to County facilities. The County is currently in

the process of building a five-story, \$41 million Family Law Center, which was approved by voters in 1998. The ad valorem tax rate for the fiscal year 2002 totaled \$.039299 per \$100 valuation to fund the annual debt service requirements.

Cash management policies and practices. The County utilizes a pooled cash concept to maximize funds available for investment. The objectives of the County's investment policy are safety of the principal, maintenance of adequate liquidity, diversification to eliminate risk, and yield. The primary objective is safety of the principal. To ensure safety of public funds, the policy adheres with Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code, The Public Funds Investment Act, and the statutory requirements of Local Government Code 116.112.

The investible funds under the County's investment program as of September 30, 2002 were \$150,548,710, and total investment earnings on that portfolio were \$3,561,3888. The average yield on investments was 2.16%.

Uninvested cash in banks is fully collateralized with securities pledged by the depository bank or FDIC deposit insurance. A third-party bank holds these securities in a joint custody safekeeping account.

**Risk management.** The County provides for management of risks through a combination of self-insurance and traditional insurance. Commercial insurance is obtained for most instances of physical property damage. The County is self-insured for general liability, public officials' liability, workers' compensation, and employees' group medical benefits.

An actuarial study was performed in 2002 to assess the liability associated with general liability and workers' compensation. This study determined the present and future liability of \$12,032,350. Additional information regarding the County's risk management activity can be found in Note 15 of the notes to the financial statements.

**Pension and other post employment benefits.** The County provides retirement, disability and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). This is accounted for as an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan.

The County has elected the annually determined contribution rate (ADCR) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually. The employer contributed using the actuarially determined rate of 10.00% for the months of the accounting year in 2001, and 10.01% for the months of the accounting year in 2002. The contribution rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2002 is the rate of 7% as adopted by the governing body of the employer.

In addition to providing retirement benefits, the County provides certain healthcare and dental insurance benefits and an employee assistance program (EAP) to its retirees and their dependents. To be eligible for these benefits, the employee must be working for the County at the time of retirement. The County is under no legal obligation to pay these premiums and the decision to provide these benefits is made by the Commissioners Court on a year-to-year basis. The cost of these benefits is recognized when claims or premiums are paid. At year-end, there were 663 retirees and 204 of their dependents receiving benefits. For the year ended September 30, 2002, the County incurred \$1,227,429 in health insurance premiums and the retirees contributed

\$404,579. The County pays the entire cost for EAP coverage of \$6,222, while the retirees pay the entire cost of the dental insurance premiums.

Additional information on the County's pension arrangements and post employment benefits can be found in Note 13 in the notes to the financial statements.

#### Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for the County's comprehensive annual financial report for the year ended September 30, 2001. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award-recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report whose contents conform to program standards. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and are submitting it for review to GFOA.

I wish to express my thanks to Commissioners Court and the District Judges for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial affairs of the County in a responsible and professional manner. The timely completion of this report could not have been achieved without the dedicated efforts of the County Auditor's staff and the professional services provided by our Independent Auditors, Deloitte & Touche LLP.

Sincerely,

S. Renee Tidwell, CPA County Auditor

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

#### Tarrant County, Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2001

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

UNITED STATES

WE CAMPAIGN SEAL

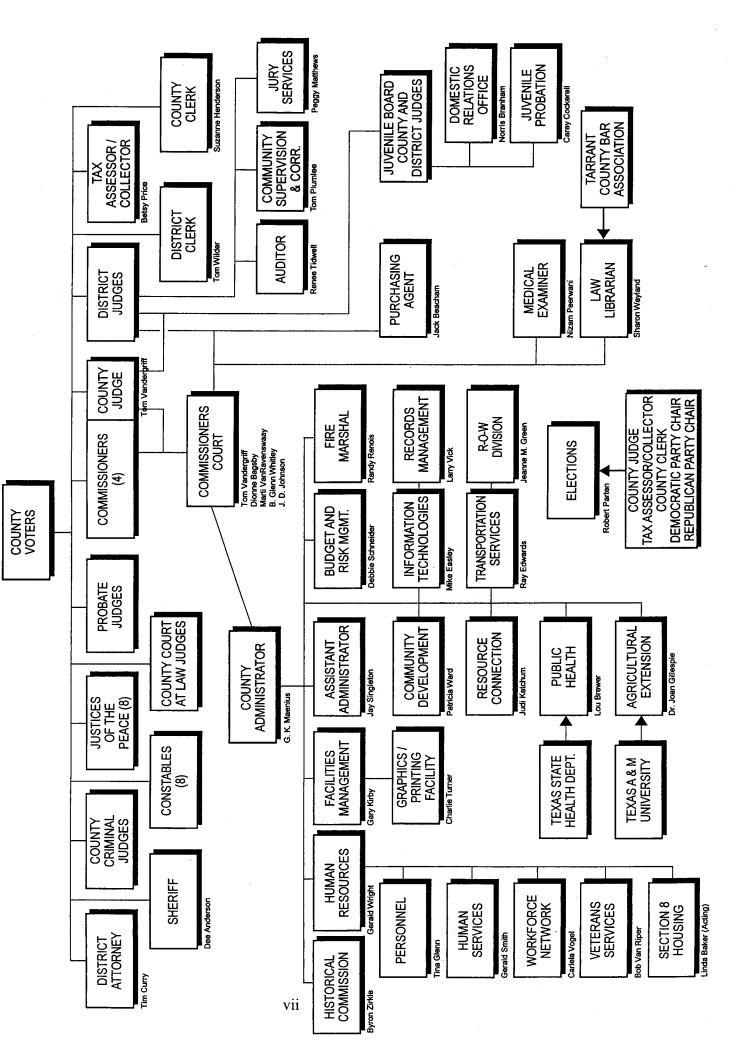
CHEASO

CHEAS

President

**Executive Director** 

# **TARRANT COUNTY ORGANIZATION**



#### TARRANT COUNTY, TEXAS PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

#### **Commissioners Court:**

Tom Vandergriff County Judge

Dionne Bagsby
Commissioner, Precinct 1
Marti VanRavenswaay
Commissioner, Precinct 2
B. Glen Whitley
Commissioner, Precinct 3
J. D. Johnson
Commissioner, Precinct 4

#### **Board of District Judges:**

Sharen Wilson Judge, Criminal District Court No. 1 Wavne Salvant Judge, Criminal District Court No. 2 Don Leonard Judge, Criminal District Court No. 3 Joe Drago, III Judge, Criminal District Court No. 4 Fred W. Davis Judge, 17th Judicial District Robert McCoy Judge, 48th Judicial District Donald Cosby Judge, 67th Judicial District Jeff Walker Judge, 96th Judicial District Paul Enlow Judge, 141st Judicial District Kenneth Curry Judge, 153rd Judicial District Robert Gill Judge, 213th Judicial District Randy Catterton Judge, 231st Judicial District William Harris Judge, 233rd Judicial District Thomas Lowe III Judge, 236th Judicial District **Everett Young** Judge, 297th Judicial District Frank Sullivan Judge, 322nd Judicial District Jean Boyd Judge, 323rd Judicial District Brian A. Carper Judge, 324th Judicial District Judith Wells Judge, 325th Judicial District Robert McGrath Judge, 342nd Judicial District Dana Womack Judge, 348th Judicial District Bonnie Sudderth Judge, 352nd Judicial District Debra Lehrmann Judge, 360th Judicial District

#### County Judges:

James Wilson

George Gallagher

Scott Wisch

Sherry Hill Judge, County Criminal Court No. 1 Judge, County Criminal Court No. 2 Michael Mitchell Billy Mills Judge, County Criminal Court No. 3 Wallace Bowman Judge, County Criminal Court No. 4 Jamie Cummings Judge, County Criminal Court No. 5 Judge, County Criminal Court No. 6 Molly Jones Cheril Hardy Judge, County Criminal Court No. 7 Daryl Coffey Judge, County Criminal Court No. 8 Brent Carr Judge, County Criminal Court No. 9 Phillip Sorrells Judge, County Criminal Court No. 10 Brent Keis Judge, County Court At Law No. 1 Steve Wallace Judge, County Court At Law No. 2 Vincent G. Sprinkle Judge, County Court At Law No. 3 Steve King Judge, Probate Court No. 1 Patrick Ferchill Judge, Probate Court No. 2

Judge, 371st Judicial District

Judge, 372nd Judicial District

Judge, 396th Judicial District

#### TARRANT COUNTY, TEXAS PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

#### County Judges: (continued)

Barbara Ferrell Justice of the Peace, Precinct 1 Linda Bierman-Davis Justice of the Peace, Precinct 2 Sanford W. Prindle Justice of the Peace, Precinct 3 Jacquelyn Wright Justice of the Peace, Precinct 4 Manuel T. Valdez Justice of the Peace, Precinct 5 Richard G. Ritchie Justice of the Peace, Precinct 6 Roy Kurban Justice of the Peace, Precinct 7 Ernest Thompson Justice of the Peace, Precinct 8

#### Law Enforcement:

Dee Anderson Sheriff

Tim Curry Criminal District Attorney
Carey Don Cockerell\* Chief Juvenile Probation Officer

Tom Plumlee\* Community Supervision & Corrections Director

Jerry Crowder Constable, Precinct 1 David Harris Constable, Precinct 2 Zane Hilger Constable, Precinct 3 Jack Allen Constable, Precinct 4 Sergio L. DeLeon Constable, Precinct 5 Joseph Kubes Constable, Precinct 6 Michael Honeycutt Constable, Precinct 7 Chester Luckett Constable, Precinct 8 Norris Branham\* **Domestic Relations Director** 

#### Administrative Officials:

G.K. Maenius\* County Administrator S. Renee Tidwell\* County Auditor

Betsy Price Tax Assessor-Collector
Jack Beacham\* Purchasing Agent

Debbie Schneider\* Budget and Risk Management Director

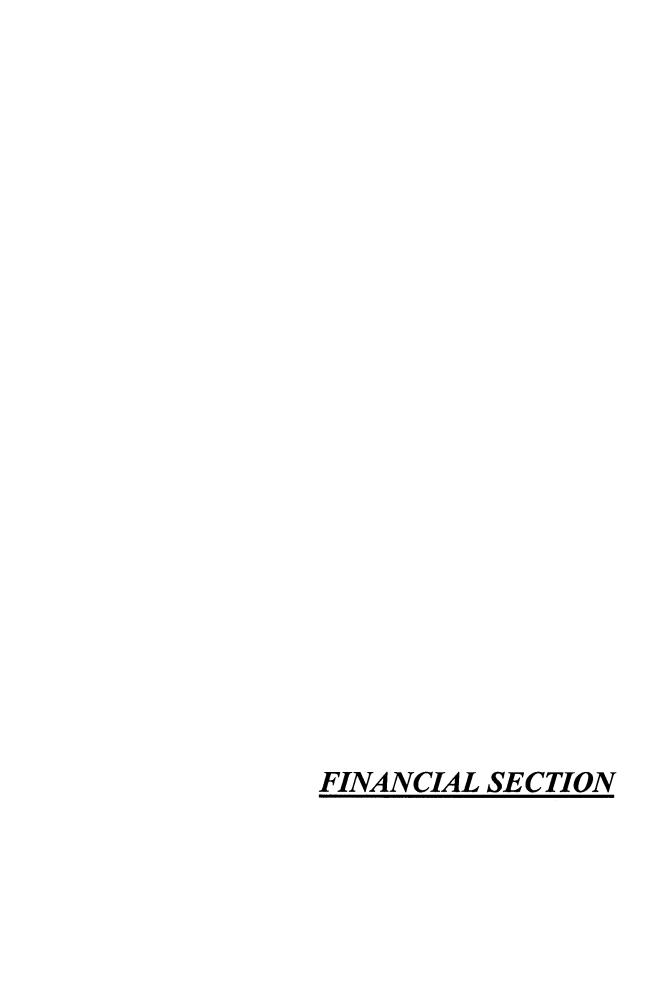
Mike Easley\* Chief Information Officer

#### **Recording Officials:**

Suzanne Henderson County Clerk
Tom Wilder District Clerk

<sup>\*</sup>Appointed officials. All others listed are elected officials.





Deloitte & Touche LLP Suite 2950 301 Commerce Street Fort Worth, Texas 76102

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#### Deloitte & Touche

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable County Judge Tarrant County, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and aggregate remaining fund information, of Tarrant County, Texas (the "County") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2002, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and supporting schedules based on our audits. We did not audit the basic financial statements of the discretely presented component units as of and for the year ended September 30, 2002. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Tarrant County Hospital District and the Mental Health Mental Retardation of Tarrant County, is based solely on the report of such other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of September 30, 2002, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in fiscal year 2002, the County adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments, GASB Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments: Omnibus, and GASB Statement No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (on pages 3 to 12) and the budgetary comparison information (on pages 72 to 73) are not required parts of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the GASB. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of



inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules listed in the foregoing table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the County. These financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management of the County. Such additional information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects when considered in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section and the statistical data listed in the table of contents are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements for the County. Such additional information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 15, 2003, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Deloitte & Touche LLP

May 15, 2003

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Tarrant County, we offer readers of Tarrant County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Tarrant County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2002. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i-v of this report.

#### Financial Highlights

- The assets of the County exceed its liabilities at the close the most recent fiscal year by \$163,284,000 (net assets). Of this amount, \$72,065,000 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The County's total net assets increased by \$25,575,000.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$113,700,000, an increase of \$32,030,000 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately one half of this total amount, \$56,502,000, is available for spending at the County's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund as \$35,436,000, or 17 percent of total general fund expenditures.
- The County's total debt increased by \$47,975,000 (42 percent) during the current fiscal year. The key factors in this increase was the issuance of \$25 million general obligation bonds for the construction of the Family Law Center and \$28,315,000 for the purchase of an existing building in downtown Fort Worth.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Tarrant County's basis financial statements. Tarrant County's financial statements comprise of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Tarrant County's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of Tarrant County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Tarrant County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most resent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Tarrant County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, judicial, community services, and transportation. The business-type activities of Tarrant County include the Resource Connection.

The government-wide financial statements include not only Tarrant County, but also a legally separate hospital district, mental health mental retardation authority, health facilities development, housing finance and industrial development corporations for which the County is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The Housing Finance and Industrial Development Corporations, although legally separate, functions for all practical purposes as a department of the County, and therefore have been blended as an integral part of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14-17 of this report.

**Fund financial statements**. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Tarrant County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains 17 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, road and bridge fund, debt service, capital projects funds, and grant funds, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 12 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Tarrant County adopts an annual appropriated budget for all its funds except grant funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 18-26 of this report.

**Proprietary funds**. The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses an enterprise fund to account for its Resource Connection. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal service fund to account for its self-insurance funds. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 27-29 of this report.

**Fiduciary funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 30-31 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 32-70 of this report.

**Other information**. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary* information concerning the County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees and budget to actual schedule for general fund and road and bridge fund. Required supplementary information can be found on page 71-73 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 78-86 of this report.

#### Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Tarrant County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$163,284,000 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A large portion of the County's net assets (56 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it

should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided form other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

#### **Tarrant County's Net Assets**

(Amounts in thousands)

	Govevernmental Activities 2002		Business-type Activitites 2002		 Total 2002
Current and other assets	\$	171,718	\$	861	\$ 172,579
Capital assets		217,100		1,945	 219,045
Total assets		388,818		2,806	391,624
Long-term liabilities outstanding		186,886		87	186,973
Other liabilities		41,208		159	 41,367
Total liabilities		228,094		246	228,340
Net assets:					
Invested in capital assets, net					
of related debt		89,274		1,945	91,219
Unrestricted		71,450		615	 72,065
Total net assets	\$	160,724	\$	2,560	\$ 163,284

The remaining balance of *unrestricted net assets* may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County is able to report positive balances in all categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior year.

The County's net assets increased by \$25,575,000 during the current fiscal year. This increase represents the degree to which increases in ongoing revenues have outstripped similar increases in ongoing expenses. The growth largely reflects increase in the tax base and increases in operating grants.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the County's net assets by \$25,427,000, thereby accounting for 99 percent of the total growth in the net assets of the County. A key element of this increase was property tax revenue increased by \$19,120,000, or 11 percent during the year. Most of this increase was due to increased property values.

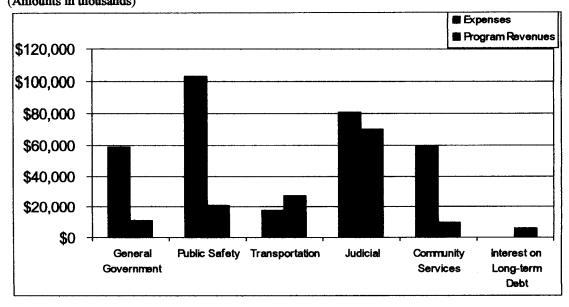
For the most part, increases in expenses closely paralleled inflation and growth in the demand for services. One noteworthy exception, however, was an increase in judicial expenses. The enactment of recent legislation increased the requirements for court appointed attorneys.

#### **Tarrant County's Changes in Net Assets**

(Amounts in thousands)

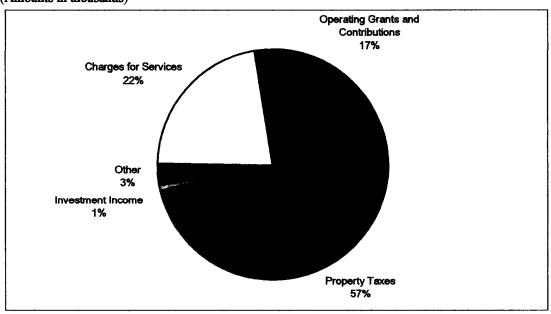
	Governmental Activities 2002		Business-type Activities 2002		Total 2002	
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Fees, fines and charges for services	\$	78,219	\$	2,496	\$	80,715
Operating grants and contributions		60,236				60,236
General revenues:						
Taxes		199,295				199,295
Other		13,530		45		13,575
Total revenues		351,280		2,541		353,821
Expenses:						
General government		58,366				58,366
Public safety		103,211				103,211
Transportation		17,821				17,821
Judicial		80,944				80,944
Community services		59,669				59,669
Interest and fiscal charges		5,842				5,842
Resource Connection				2,393		2,393
Total expenses		325,853		2,393		328,246
Increase in net assets		25,427	,	148		25,575
Net assets-beginning		135,297		2,412		137,709
Net assets-ending	\$	160,724	\$	2,560	\$	163,284

#### **Expenses and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities** (Amounts in thousands)



#### Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities

(Amounts in thousands)



Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased \$148,000. A key element of this increase was a reduction of operating expenses for buildings and equipment.

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflow, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combining fund balances of \$113,700,000 an increase of \$32,030,000 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately half of this total amount, \$56,502,000, constitutes *unreserved fund balance*, which is available for spending at the County's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is *reserved* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed 1) to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior period \$8,019,000, 2) to pay debt service \$1,066,000, 3) for capital projects \$37,798,000 or 4) for a variety of other restricted purposes \$10,315,000.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$35,436,000, while total fund balance reached \$46,322,000. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 17 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 22 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the County's general fund increased by \$10,126,000 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this growth are as follows:

- 14% increase in property taxes, due to property valuations and the allocation between general fund and debt service requirements.
- 10% increase in the collection of fees and fines assessed.

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$1,066,000, all of which is reserved for the payment of debt service. The net increase in fund balance during the current year in the debt service was \$498,000, due to the rental income from the Tandy Technology Building. This income will be used to pay future principal and debt payments. The County approved a property tax for debt service at the beginning of the current fiscal year. This tax produced revenues of \$28,692,000 in the current fiscal year.

**Proprietary funds**. The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Total net assets of the Resource Connection at the end of the year amounted to \$2,560,000. The total growth in net assets for the fund was \$148,000. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There are no differences between the original budget and the final amended budget in total, however, transfers were made between categories. The transfers can be summarized as follows:

- Transfers from general government to public safety, judicial, and community services for the funding of merit and equity salary increases.
- Transfers from general government undesignated to judicial to fund the increased expenditures associated with court appointed attorneys.
- Transfers from general government undesignated to operating transfers, to fund the employee benefits self-insurance fund.

Actual revenues exceeded budgetary estimates and expenditures were less than budgeted. These difference are highlighted as follows:

- General government expenditures were less than budgeted because the budget includes a budgeted reserve of \$12,000,000 and undesignated balance of \$3,000,000.
- Public safety expenditures were less than budgeted for jail operations and salaries.
- While investment income was less than anticipated, fees of office revenues were greater than budgeted due to an increase in County Clerk fees from home refinancing.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

Capital assets. The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of September 30, 2002 amount to \$217,100,000 net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment, roads and bridges. The total increase in the County's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was minimal. The increase in capital assets was offset by the change in the capitalization threshold policy.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Purchase of the Tandy Technology building and associated parking garage
- Completion of the parking garage associated with the new law center
- Started construction of the new law center
- Implementation of an Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 5 on pages 50-51 of this report.

#### **Tarrant County's Capital Assets**

(Net of depreciation)

(Amounts in thousands)

	Governmental Activities 2002		Business-type Activities 2002		Total 2002
Land	\$	42,118	\$	116	\$ 42,234
Buildings and improvements		119,912		1,805	121,717
Fixed equipment		19,226		24	19,250
Infrastructure		28,229		-	28,229
Construction in progress		5,173		-	5,173
Software development		2,442		-	2,442
Total	\$	217,100	\$	1,945	\$ 219,045

**Long-term debt.** At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$163,415,000. All of this debt represents bonds secured solely on future tax revenue.

#### **Tarrant County's Outstanding Debt**

(Amounts in thousands)

Government	al /	Δ ctix	rities
CIOVELLINELL	<i>a</i> 11 /	<b>~CII</b> \	

	 2002
General Obligation	\$ 44,215
Certificates of Obligation	51,425
Limited Tax Refunding Bonds	39,460
Taxable Tax Notes	 28,315
Total	\$ 163,415

The County's total debt increased by \$47,975,000 or 42 percent during the current fiscal year. The key factor in this increase was the issuance of \$28,315,000 Tax notes for the purchase of the Tandy Technology Center and \$25,000,000 general obligation bonds for the construction project.

The County also refinanced some if its existing debt to take advantage of favorable interest rates. The general obligation refinancing is expected to decrease future debt payments by \$943,000.

The County maintains an "AAA" rating from Standard and Poor's and an Aaa rating from Moody's.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 5 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the County is \$3,652,910,000, which is significantly in excess of the County's outstanding obligation debt.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 on pages 53-55 of this report.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

- The unemployment rate for Tarrant County is 6.3 percent, which is an increase from the rate of 4.6 percent a year ago. This is consistent with the state's average unemployment rate of 6.4 percent and 5.2 percent a year ago.
- Continued increase in the property values in Tarrant County.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for 2003 fiscal year.

During the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance in the general fund increased to \$35,436,000. The County has appropriated \$19,000,000 of this amount for spending in the 2003 fiscal year budget. It is intended that use of available fund balance will avoid the need to raise taxes or charges during the 2003 fiscal year; in fact, the tax rate decreased slightly.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Tarrant County's finances for all those with an interest the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided should be addressed to the Tarrant County Auditor, 100 E. Weatherford, Fort Worth, TX 76196

**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 



#### TARRANT COUNTY, TEXAS

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2002 (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

	Pri		
	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash and investments	\$ 123,305	\$ 626	\$ 123,931
Taxes receivable, net of allowance			
for uncollectibles	8,882		8,882
Other receivables, net of allowance			
for uncollectibles	37,324	223	37,547
Due from other governments			
Prepaid expenses and inventory	1,491	12	1,503
Deferred charges	716		716
Restricted assets			
Assets limited to use			
Capital assets, net:			
Not subject to depreciation	49,733	116	49,849
Subject to depreciation	167,367	1,829	169,196
Total assets	388,818	2,806	391,624
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	12,563	159	12,722
Accrued interest payable	637		637
Other liabilities	15,901		15,901
Deferred revenue	12,107		12,107
Long-term liabilities:			
Portion due or payable within one year:	10.550	.=	
Compensated absences payable	12,778	87	12,865
Note payable			
Capital lease	22.215		22.21.5
Bonds payable	22,215		22,215
Arbitrage payable	10		10
Portion due or payable after one year:	10.706		10.706
Compensated absences payable	10,796		10,796
Capital lease Bonds payable	141.007		141.007
Other noncurrent liabilities	141,087		141,087
Other noncurrent habities			
Total liabilities	228,094	246	228,340
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	89,274	1,945	91,219
Restricted	,	-,	,>
Unrestricted	71,450	615	72,065
Total net assets	\$ 160,724	\$ 2,560	\$ 163,284

Component Units					
Tarrant County	MHMR of				
Hospital District	Tarrant County				
\$ 66,959	\$ 10,514				
2,554					
19,902	1,138 4,251				
23,806	1,768				
1,906 125,442	1,718				
21,861 108,791	945 5,974				
371,221	26,308				
11,061	2,566				
29,852	2,198				
	1,314				
	2,582				
	215				
2,417	326 295				
	597				
	349				
49,878 2,856	3,529				
96,064	13,971				
112,857	2 204				
1,897	2,206 1,717				
160,403	8,414				
\$ 275,157	\$ 12,337				

#### TARRANT COUNTY, TEXAS

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2002 (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

		Program Revenues						
		Fees, Fines, and Charges for		0	perating	Ca	pital	
				Grants and		Grants and		
Activities:	_Expenses_	S	ervices	Contributions		Contributions		
Primary government:								
Governmental:								
General government	\$ 58,366	\$	10,127	\$	627	\$	-	
Public safety	103,211		8,865		12,096		-	
Transportation support	17,821		23,826		3,274		-	
Judicial	80,944		26,035		44,239		-	
Community services	59,669		9,366				-	
Interest and fiscal charges	5,842	<del></del>	<del>,</del>					
Total governmental activities	325,853		78,219		60,236		-	
Business-type:								
Resource Connection	2,393		2,496		-			
Total primary government	\$ 328,246	\$	80,715	\$	60,236	\$	-	
Component units								
Tarrant County Hospital District	\$ 329,082	\$	118,637	\$	47,885			
MHMR of Tarrant County	75,567		21,497		52,358			
·	\$ 404,649	\$	140,134	\$	100,243	\$	-	

General revenues:

Property taxes

Unrestricted investment earnings

Gain on sale of capital assets

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in net assets

Net assets-beginning

Prior period adjustment (Note 5)

Net assets-ending

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

		Revenue and Change	es in Net Assets	
	Primary Government	Component Units		
Governmental	Business-Type		Tarrant County	MHMR of
Activities	Actvities	Total	Hospital District	Tarrant County
\$ (47,612) (82,250) 9,279 (10,670) (50,303) (5,842)		\$ (47,612) (82,250) 9,279 (10,670) (50,303) (5,842)		
(187,398)		(187,398)		
	103	103		
\$ (187,398)	\$ 103	\$ (187,295)	\$ -	\$ -
			\$ (162,560) \$ (162,560)	\$ (1,712) \$ (1,712)
199,295	٥	199,295	171,573	460
3,176	9	3,185	6,237	469 34
10,354	36	10,390	10,688	545
212,825	45	212,870	188,498	1,048
25,427	148	25,575	25,938	(664
135,297	2,412	137,709	249,219	13,056
\$ 160,724	\$ 2,560	\$ 163,284	\$ 275,157	\$ 12,337

#### TARRANT COUNTY, TEXAS

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2002 (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

<u>ASSETS</u>	General	Road and Bridge	Debt Service	Capital Projects
Cash and investments	\$ 35,796	\$ 13,514	\$ 1,430	\$ 45,574
Receivables (Note 2):				
Taxes, net of allowance for uncollectibles	7,078	12	1 702	
Other receivables, net of allowance	7,078	12	1,792	
for uncollectibles	9,624	139		325
Due from other funds (Note 9)	6,124	137		323
Supplies and prepaid items	700	635		1
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 59,322	\$ 14,300	\$ 3,222	\$ 45,900

See accompanying notes the financial statements.

Grants		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
\$	6,483	\$	10,045	\$	112,842
					8,882
	15,732		705		26,525 6,124
	56		99		1,491
<u>\$</u>	22,271	\$	10,849	\$	155,864

# BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2002 (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	General	Road and Bridge	Debt Service	Capital Projects
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable	\$ 4,934	<b>\$</b> 756		\$ 1,970
Other liabilities	839		\$ 364	
Due to other funds (Note 9)				
Compensated absences (Note 4)				
Deferred revenue	7,227	12	1,792	81
Total liabilities	13,000	768	2,156	2,051
FUND BALANCES:				
Reserved:				
For debt service			1,066	
For capital projects				37,798
For encumbrances	1,306	525		6,050
For supplies and prepaid items	700	635		1
For long term receivable	8,880			
Unreserved:				
Undesignated	35,436	12,372		-
Total equity	46,322	13,532	1,066	43,849
TOTAL LIABILITIES, EQUITY				
AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 59,322	\$ 14,300	\$ 3,222	\$ 45,900

Grants	Gove	Other ernmental Funds		Total ernmental Funds
\$ 2,932 1,513 5,762 278 11,786	\$	849 695 362 12	\$	11,441 3,411 6,124 278 20,910
22,271		1,918		42,164
		138 99		1,066 37,798 8,019 1,435 8,880
		8,694	<del></del>	56,502
		8,931		113,700
\$ 22,271	\$	10,849	\$	155,864

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FUND BALANCE TO NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2002 (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

Amounts reported for	governmental	activities in	n the statement	of net assets	(page	14) are
J:66						

different because:		
Total fund balance - total governmental funds (pages 20-21)	\$	113,700
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		217,100
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds		19,561
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		(3,108)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(186,529)
Net assets of governmental activities (page 14)	_\$	160,724



# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2002 (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

	General	Road and Bridge	Debt Service	Capital Projects
REVENUES:				
Taxes, licenses and permits	\$ 171,851	\$ 3	\$ 28,692	
Fees of office	22,383	23,688	·,	
Intergovernmental	12,374	24		
Investment income	2,059	306	349	\$ 474
Other revenues	9,679	49_	1,045	546
Total revenues	218,346	24,070	30,086	1,020
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	47,100			
Public safety	85,486			
Transportation support		17,230		
Judicial	68,730			
Community services	5,844			
Capital outlay				58,969
Debt service:				
Principal payments			24,495	
Interest and fiscal charges			5,249_	233
Total expenditures	207,160	17,230	29,744	59,202
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	11,186	6,840	342	(58,182)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Operating transfers in (Note 9)	3,430		8	6,199
Operating transfers out (Note 9)	(4,490)	(6,137)	-	(8)
Refunding bonds issued	, , ,	,	19,531	` '
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent			(19,383)	
Bond proceeds				71,915
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,060)	(6,137)	156	78,106
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other				
financing sources (uses) over (under)				
expenditures	10,126	703	498	19,924
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	36,196	12,829	568_	23,925
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 46,322	\$ 13,532	\$ 1,066	\$ 43,849

Grants	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 1,214 57,144 84 1,551	\$ 6,721 7,729 358 1,829	\$ 200,546 54,006 77,271 3,630 14,699
59,993	16,637	350,152
682 10,695 3,487 43,123 3,600	2,267 1,755 3 3,766 6,907 940	50,049 97,936 17,233 75,983 55,874 63,509
		24,495 5,482
61,587	15,638	390,561
(1,594)	999	(40,409)
2,024 (430)	1,040 (1,260)	12,701 (12,325) 19,531 (19,383) 71,915
1,594	(220)	72,439
-	779	32,030
-	8,152	81,670
<u>\$</u> -	\$ 8,931	\$ 113,700

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2002 (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

Amounts reported for governmental	activities in the statemen	nt of activities (nages	16-17) are

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (pages 16-17) are different because:	
Net change in fund balancestotal governmental funds (pages 24-25)	\$ 32,030
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	47,426
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase net assets	1,190
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(873)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	(46,996)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(8,181)
The net revenue of certain activies of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	 831
Change in net assets of governmental activities (pages 16-17)	\$ 25,427

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2002 (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

	Business-type Activities- Enterprise	Governmental Activities- Internal Service
ASSETS		
Current assets: Cash and investments Other receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles Prepaid expenses and inventory	\$ 626 223 12	\$ 10,463 120
Total current assets	861	10,583
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets (Note 5) Land Building and improvements, net Equipment, net	116 1,803 26	
Total noncurrent assets	1,945	-
Total assets	2,806	10,583
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Other liabilities Deferred revenue Compensated absences payable	159 87_	1,122 12,490 79
Total liabilities	246	13,691
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	1,945 615	(3,108)
Total net assets	\$ 2,560	\$ (3,108)

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

|--|

	Business-type Activities- Enterprise	Governmental Activities- Internal Service
OPERATING REVENUES: Building management Building rentals Pool rental Self insurance revenues Other revenues	\$ 230 2,218 29	\$ 32,938
Total operating revenues	2,496	32,938
OPERATING EXPENSES Personnel Materials and supplies Building and equipment Depreciation and amortization Self insurance claims	1,074 19 1,072 156	2 2 64 31,837
Other expenses	34	
Total operating expenses	2,355	31,905
Operating income	141	1,033
NONOPERATING REVENUES: Investment income Donated capital	9 36	174
Total nonoperating revenues	45	174
Income before transfers	186	1,207
TRANSFERS OUT		(376)
Income before change in capitalization policy	186	831
Change in capitalization policy	(38)	
Change in net assets	148	831
Total net assets-beginning	2,412	(3,939)
Total net assets-ending	\$ 2,560	\$ (3,108)

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - ALL PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2002 (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

	Business-type Activities- Enterprise	Governmental Activities- Internal Service
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	e 2.520	¢ 22.909
Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers	\$ 2,530 (1,072)	\$ 32,898
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	(1,072)	(2) (30,472)
1 aymona to omproyous	(1,037)	(30,472)
Net cash flows provided by (used in)		
operating activities	401	2,424
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Investment income (expense), net	9	174
Net cash flows provided by		
investing activities	9	174
NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating transfers out		(376)
Net cash flows provided by (used in)		
noncapital financing activities	•	(376)
CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITY:		
Purchase of capital assets	(25)	
•		
Net cash flows used in capital		
and related financing activities	(25)	-
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND		
CASH EQUIVALENTS	385	2,222
		- <b>,</b>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS,		
beginning of year	241	<u>8,241</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS,		
end of year	\$ 626	\$ 10,463
3.12 5.1 <b>, 5.1</b> 1		10,100
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Income (loss) from operations	\$ 141	\$ 1,033
Net cash provided by (used in)		
operating activities:		
Depreciation & amortization	156	
Changes in assets and liabilities:	(0)	20
Supplies & prepaid items Other receivables	(8) 34	30 (119)
Accounts payable	59	158
Other liabilities	37	1,243
Deferred revenue		79
Compensated absences	19_	<u></u>
Net each flows provided by (wood in)	<del></del>	
Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 401	\$ 2,424
operating agerticies	A 401	¥ 4,747
Noncash capital activities:		
Donated capital	36	

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2002 (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

<u>ASSETS</u>	Payro	Payroll Clearing Fee Office		Fee Office		Total
Current assets:  Cash and investments	\$	2,390	\$	24,633	\$	27,023
Other receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles Restricted asset		29		110,595 52,004		110,624 52,004
TOTAL ASSETS		2,419	<del> </del>	187,232		189,651
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities: Accounts payable				33		33
Other liabilities		2,419		187,199		189,618
Total liabilities		2,419	<del></del>	187,232		189,651
NET ASSETS	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2002 (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

	Balance October 1, 2001	Net Change	Balance September 30, 2002
PAYROLL CLEARING:  Cash and investments  Other receivables	\$ 2,266	\$ 124	\$ 2,390
		29	29
	\$ 2,266	\$ 153	\$ 2,419
Other liabilities	\$ 2,266	153	\$ 2,419
	\$ 2,266	\$ 153	\$ 2,419
FEE OFFICE: Cash and investments Other receivables Restricted assets	\$ 26,892	\$ (2,259)	\$ 24,633
	95,987	14,608	110,595
	60,759	(8,755)	52,004
	\$ 183,638	\$ 3,594	\$ 187,232
Accounts payable Other liabilities Due to other funds	\$ -	\$ 33	\$33
	182,511	4,688	187,199
	1,127	(1,127)	
	\$ 183,638	\$ 3,594	\$187,232
TOTAL: Cash and investments Other receivables Restricted assets	\$ 26,892	\$ (2,135)	\$ 27,023
	95,987	14,637	110,624
	60,759	(8,755)	52,004
Accounts payable Other liabilities Due to other funds	\$ 183,638	\$ 3,747	\$ 189,651
	\$ -	\$ 33	\$33
	184,777	4,841	189,618
	1,127	(1,127)	
	\$ 185,904	\$ 3,747	\$ 189,651

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2002

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Tarrant County, Texas (the "County") is a political subdivision of the State of Texas and was organized in 1849. The County provides those services allowed by state statutes. These services include, but are not limited to, law enforcement, judicial proceedings, probation monitoring services, juvenile services, recording services related to judicial proceedings, public health and welfare, maintaining roads and bridges (principally within the unincorporated areas of the County) and other related governmental functions.

The accounting policies of the County conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the significant policies:

#### (a) Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the County and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the County's operations. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize they are legally separate from the County.

#### **BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS**

The Tarrant County Housing Finance Corporation ("TCHFC") is governed by a board of directors, which is essentially the County Commissioners Court. The County Commissioners Court created the TCHFC, but it is not a political subdivision of the County under state law. The TCHFC is authorized to issue bonded debt without County Commissioners Court approval. The TCHFC provides services only to the County. The TCHFC is reported in the other governmental column in the fund financial statements.

The Tarrant County Industrial Development Corporation ("TCIDC") is governed by a board of directors, which is essentially the Commissioners Court. The TCIDC has the authority to issue bonded debt; however, the County has no legal obligation to assume the bonded debt, which must be approved by the County Commissioners Court. The TCIDC provides services only to the County. TCIDC is reported in the other governmental column in the fund financial statements.

#### DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

The Tarrant County Hospital District ("TCHD") serves the citizens of the County and is governed by a board of directors, which the County Commissioners Court may appoint and remove at will. The County Commissioners Court approves the TCHD tax rate and annual budget, but does not provide any funding or hold title to any of the TCHD assets. TCHD cannot issue bonded debt without County Commissioners Court approval. TCHD's financial statements include the North Texas Affiliated Medical Group (NTAMG) and Metro West Health Plan as component units within the reporting entity. NTAMG began operations in January 1996 primarily for the purpose of providing physician services to TCHD patients participating in the County-sponsored and Medicaid programs. The TCHD is the sole corporate member of NTAMG and, as such,

exercises significant influence over the financial operations of NTAMG. The financial statements of NTAMG are blended with the TCHD for the year ended September 30, 2002, and include total assets, primarily cash, of \$15,196,000 and total liabilities of \$7,372,000. NTAMG's excess of revenues and gains over expenses totaled approximately \$42,000 for the year ended September 30, 2002. Metro West Health Plan is the TCHD's HMO organization. The financial statements of Metro West Health Plan are blended with the TCHD for the year ended September 30, 2002, and include total assets, primarily cash, of \$6,099,000 and total liabilities of \$2,112,000. Metro West Health Plan's excess of revenues and gains over expenses totaled approximately \$99,000 for the year ended September 30, 2002.

The Mental Health and Mental Retardation of Tarrant County ("MHMRTC") serves the citizens of the County and is governed by a board of directors which the County Commissioners Court may appoint and remove at will. The County Commissioners Court approves the MHMRTC budget, but does not hold title to any of its assets. MHMRTC can issue bonded debt without the approval of the County Commissioners Court. The fiscal year end of MHMRTC is August 31.

MHMRTC has created two nonprofit corporations in which MHMRTC appoints all the members of the governing boards. In 1997, Trinity Behavioral Rehabilitation Corporation was formed with the intent to enter into contracts for behavioral healthcare with health maintenance organizations. In 2000, MHMR Visions was formed with tax exemption status for fund raising purposes. Trinity Behavioral Rehabilitation Corporation has had no financial activity since its inception and, as such, has had no effect on the financial statements of MHMRTC and is not included in the report. MHMR Visions is reported as a governmental fund.

The Tarrant County Health Facilities Development Corporation ("TCHFDC") is governed by a board of directors, which the County Commissioners Court may appoint and remove at will. TCHFDC has no balance sheet or results of operations as of and for the year ended September 30, 2002. All debt issued through TCHFDC was conduit debt (see Note 6). TCHFDC had no other operations.

Complete financial statements for each of the following individual component units may be obtained at the units' administrative offices:

TCHD MHMRTC

John Peter Smith Hospital 3840 Hulen Street
1500 S. Main Fort Worth, Texas 76107

Fort Worth, Texas 76104

Separate financial statements of TCHFC, TCIDC and TCHFDC are not prepared.

#### (b) Basis of Presentation

The County implemented the following GASB Standards during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2002:

Statement No. 34 - Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and

Analysis - for State and Local Governments

Statement No. 37 - Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and

Analysis - for State and Local Governments

Statement No. 38 - Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures

Interpretation No. 6 – Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The transition from governmental fund balances to net assets for October 1, 2001 is as follows:

	Governmental Activities	
Total fund balances, as previously reported	\$	81,670
Additional GASB 34 governmental fund revenue accruals		19,797
Capital assets, net of depreciation		168,484
Internal Service Fund Net Assets		(3,939)
General long-term debt		(130,715)
Net Assets, October 1, 2001	\$	135,297

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS**

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the County) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type* activities of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the County. Direct expenses are those that specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to particular function. Program revenues include a) fees, fines and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary and fiduciary – are present. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transaction associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. It is used to account or all financial resources of the general government, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Road and Bridge Fund – The Road and Bridge Fund accounts for the collection and expenditure of those monies designated to be spent for acquisition, construction, and maintenance of county roads and bridges.

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on general long-term debt associated with the acquisition and/or construction of facilities and equipment for the County.

Capital Projects Fund – The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition and/or construction of facilities and equipment for the County.

Grants Fund – The Grants Fund accounts for the activities conducted under the many grant agreements between the County and various state and federal organizations.

The County reports the following proprietary funds:

Resource Connection – The Resource Connection fund accounts for the activities of the Resource Connection, a 15-building, one-stop center providing employment, education, health and human services programs to clients through state and local governmental agencies and non-profit organizations. The County is the owner/landowner of the property and leases space to the various entities.

Internal Service Funds – These funds account for the County's self-insurance programs - general liability, workers' compensation, and employees benefit fund.

Additionally, the County reports the following fiduciary fund:

Agency Funds – These funds account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for others.

#### (c) Basis of Accounting

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE, PROPRIETARY, AND FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The governmental-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred regardless of when the related cash flow takes place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or given) equal value in exchange, including property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The County considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected with sixty days after year-end. The primary revenue sources susceptible to accrual are property taxes, which are recognized as deferred revenue until cash is received, and grant income, which is accrued when the legal and contractual requirements of the individual programs are met. Expenditures are recorded when incurred. However, expenditures for principal and interest on general long-term debt, compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded when due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, TCHD has elected to apply the provisions of all relevant pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) including those issued after November 30, 1989. The County and MHMRTC apply all GASB pronouncements as well as the FASB pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

#### (d) Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Tarrant County adheres to the following procedures in its consideration and adoption of its annual operating budget:

- Departmental annual budget requests are submitted by the department head to the County Budget Officer during the third quarter of the fiscal year for the upcoming fiscal year to begin October 1.
- The County Auditor prepares an estimate of available resources for the upcoming fiscal year.
- The County Budget Officer prepares the proposed annual operating budget to be presented to the Commissioners Court for their consideration. The budget represents the financial plan for the new fiscal year.
- Public hearings are held on the proposed budget.
- The Commissioners Court must adopt an annual operating budget by a majority vote of the Commissioners Court before September 30. To support the budget, property taxes are assessed on October 1, creating a legal enforceable claim. The adopted budget must be balanced; that is, available resources must be sufficient to support annual appropriations.
- The legal level of budgetary control is the line item within each department. Commissioners Court may legally amend the budget. Management must seek approval of Commissioners Court to transfer appropriations between two separate line items even within the same department.
- A separate budget report detailed to the legal level of control is available upon request. The detailed budget report has "sub-funds" and contains more detail than the budget information provided within this report.
- Annual appropriated budgets are legally adopted for all funds except TCHFC, TCIDC and Grants Fund.
  The budget is prepared utilizing a modified cash basis of accounting (except for the Debt Service Fund,
  which is budgeted in accordance with GAAP), as allowed by state statutes. Beginning fund balance is
  budgeted as revenue, as required by state statutes.
- Appropriations lapse at year-end for all funds.

- The financial statements are prepared in accordance with GAAP and, accordingly, there are differences between the amounts reported as revenues and expenditures in the financial statements and the amounts reflected in the budgetary comparison schedule.
- Supplemental appropriations were made for certain funds. The supplementary budgetary appropriations
  were not material except for the bond issuance associated with the purchase of the Tandy building and
  garage.

Encumbrance accounting is used for budgetary accounting for the appropriated budgets. Encumbrances are recorded when a purchase order is issued, and are not considered a liability until the goods or services are actually received. Encumbrances are reported as a reservation of fund balance on the balance sheet and do not represent expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year.

For GAAP purposes, encumbrances are not considered expenditures or liabilities. This is the primary difference in the financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP and the budgetary comparison schedule. The following table illustrates the various components of these differences and their impact on the excess of revenues over expenditures for the governmental fund types (in thousands):

	(	General Fund		Road and Bridge	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing users - GAAP basis	\$	10,126	\$	703	
Basis differences:					
Accrual of revenue		328		127	
Encumbrances		78		(173)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue and other finacing sources (uses) over (under)					
expenditures - budget basis	<u>\$</u>	10,532	\$	657	

#### (e) Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents of the County and its component units are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash and cash equivalents in the cash flow statement do not include restricted assets.

MHMRTC cash equivalents at August 31, 2002 consist of highly liquid investments in a public funds investment pool, TexPool. These investments are classified as cash equivalents as they are readily convertible to known amounts of cash.

All investments of the County and its component units are recorded at fair value (defined as the price at which two willing parties would complete an exchange) and made pursuant to the Texas Public Funds Investments

Act and investment policy established and approved by the Commissioners Court. Authorized investments include the following:

- a. Obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities;
- b. Direct obligations of the State of Texas;
- c. Other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States;
- d. Obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent;
- e. Certificates of deposit issued by state and national banks domiciled in Texas that are:
  - (1) Guaranteed or insured by the FDIC, or its successor; or
  - (2) Secured by obligation described by Items a-d above and that have a market value of not less than the principal amount of the certificate;
- f. Fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements having a defined termination date, secured by obligations described by item a. above, pledged with a third party selected or approved by the County, and placed through a primary government securities dealer or a bank domiciled in Texas;
- g. Commercial paper with a stated maturity of 270 days or less from the date of issuance that either:
  - (1) is rated not less than A-1, P-1 or the equivalent by at least two nationally recognized credit rating agencies; or
  - is rated at least A-1, P-1 or the equivalent by at least one nationally recognized credit rating agency and is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a bank organized and existing under the laws of the United States or any state thereof.

In addition, MHMRTC is authorized to invest in prime domestic bankers acceptances and SEC registered no-load money market mutual funds.

#### (f) Supplies and Prepaid Items

Supplies are recorded by the County at cost using the average cost method. The cost of government fund type inventories is recorded as an expenditure when consumed rather than when purchased.

TCHD supplies, consisting primarily of pharmaceuticals and other medical supplies and items, are stated at the cost.

Inventories for MHMRTC consist of expendable supplies and drugs held for consumption and medications supplied at various area retail pharmacies for MHMRTC's clients. These inventories are valued at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. Under the consumption method of accounting for inventories, supplies are capitalized as inventory until used.

#### (g) Restricted Assets

Restricted assets are used to differentiate assets the use of which is restricted by the donor or contractual agreement. The County's restricted assets represent funds held pursuant to court-ordered trust accounts and securities posted by bondsmen to secure bail bonds. Court designated funds are not considered to be restricted.

TCHD's restricted contributions and governmental grants are accounted for as additions to restricted funds. Resources restricted by donors for specific operating purposes are held as restricted funds until expended for the intended purpose, at which time they are reported as other operating revenue.

For MHMRTC, certain proceeds of tax-exempt bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets as their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

#### (h) Assets Limited as to Use

Debt indenture requirements of the TCHD provide for the establishment and maintenance of various accounts with paying agents or trustees. These arrangements require the paying agent or trustee to control the payment of interest and the ultimate repayment of debt to bondholders.

The TDHD Board of Managers also designates certain funds to be used for capital improvements and expansion, to increase access to health care within the community, and to satisfy self-insurance liabilities. Assets available to satisfy current liabilities for self-insurance and debt service have been classified as current assets in the accompanying balance sheets.

A significant portion of the TCHD's investments in U.S. Agency obligations is in various governmental agency mortgage-backed securities that provide cash flow pass-through of principal and interest payments by mortgagees from underlying pools of mortgage loans. Mortgage backed securities do not have a contractual maturity date and the TCHD is subject to fluctuations in yields from prepayments of these investments.

The TCHD's investments are restricted by law to the investments permitted by the Texas Public Funds Investment Act.

#### (i) Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads and bridges), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements at cost. The County defines capital assets as assets with an individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life greater than 1 year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. For the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, prior general infrastructure assets, including infrastructure acquired in fiscal years ended after June 30, 1980, are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs are charged to operations when incurred. Betterments and improvements that add to the value of the asset, change capacity, or materially extend assets lives are capitalized.

Capital assets of the County, as well as the component units, are depreciated or amortized (assets under capital leases) using the straight-line method over the lesser of the capital lease period or their estimated useful lives. There is no salvage value for infrastructure since these assets will not be sold, although, some benefit may still be provided by fully depreciated roads and bridges.

The following presents the estimated useful lives for capital assets of the County:

Infrastructure	20 - 35 years
Land improvements	5 - 25 years
Buildings and improvements	15 - 40 years
Fixed equipment	5 - 25 years
Major movable equipment	5 - 8 years

#### (j) Deferred Revenue

The County records deferred revenue for uncollected taxes, grant revenues and other miscellaneous revenues in the fund financial statements.

In the government-wide financial statements, tax revenues are not deferred but are recognized in the year of levy or exchange.

#### (k) Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### (I) Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide and propriety fund statements consists of accumulated earned but unpaid vacation and sick pay benefits. All vacation pay is accrued and the vested portion of the sick leave is accrued for the employees eligible to receive payment upon termination, in accordance with County policy. Compensated absences reported in the governmental funds are to be paid out in the following year.

#### (m) Property Taxes

Property subject to taxation is real property and certain personal property situated in the County. Certain properties of religious, educational and charitable organizations are exempt from taxation. In addition, other special exemptions are allowed by the Commissioners Court of the County.

The County's ad valorem taxes are levied and become a legal enforceable claim, on October 1 on 100% of assessed valuation at a rate of \$0.274785 (\$0.235486 for the maintenance and operations and \$0.039299 for interest and sinking fund) per \$100 valuation as of the preceding January 1. These taxes are due and payable

from October 1 of the year in which levied until January 31 of the following year without interest or penalty. Taxes paid after February 1 of each year are subject to interest and penalty charges.

Collections of the current year's levy are reported as current collections if received by June 30 (within nine months of the October 1 due date). Collections received thereafter are reported as delinquent collections.

The County's taxes on real property are a lien (as of the date of levy) against such property until paid. The County may foreclose on real property upon which it has a lien for unpaid taxes. Delinquent taxes on property not otherwise collected are generally paid when there is a sale or transfer of the title to the property.

Any liens and subsequent suits against the taxpayer for payment of delinquent personal property taxes are barred unless instituted within four years from the time such taxes became delinquent. Unlike real property, the sale or transfer of most personal property does not require any evidence that taxes thereon are paid.

Ad valorem taxes are levied, become a legal enforceable claim, and are due each year by TCHD on October 1, based on assessed property values on the preceding May 1. Ad valorem tax revenue, net of provisions for estimated uncollectible taxes, is recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting, which results in the recognition of this revenue when it is measurable and available.

TCHD ad valorem tax rate was \$0.228217 per \$100 valuation for the maintenance and operation fund in 2002, and \$0.005853 per \$100 valuation for the interest and sinking fund in 2002.

#### (n) Net Patient Service Revenue - Discretely Presented Component Units

Net patient service revenue of TCHD is reported at estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payers and others for services rendered and includes estimated retroactive revenue adjustments due to future audits, reviews, and investigations. Retroactive adjustments are considered in the recognition of revenue on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered, and such amounts are adjusted in future periods as adjustments become known or as years are no longer subject to such audits, reviews, and investigations.

The composition of net patient service revenue for the year ended September 30, 2002 follows (in thousands):

	2002
Patient services provided: Inpatient services	\$ 213,213
Outpatient services	 241,435 454,648
Charges forgone for charity care Patient service revenue	 171,444 283,204
Deductions from revenue for contractual allowances Net patient service revenue	 123,356 159,848
Provision for bad debts	 41,211
Total net patient service revenue	 118,637

#### (o) Health Insurance Program Reimbursement - Discretely Presented Component Units

Net patient service revenue of \$121,100,000 for the year ended September 30, 2002 consists of amounts from the Medicare and Medicaid programs of approximately 84%. Laws and regulations governing the Medicare and Medicaid programs are complex and subject to interpretation. As a result, there is at least a reasonable possibility that recorded estimates will change by a material amount in the near term. TCHD believes that it is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations and is not aware of any pending or threatened investigations involving allegations of potential wrongdoing.

Medicare and Medicaid cost reports for all years before 1998 have been audited and settled as of September 30, 2002.

#### (p) Tobacco Settlement Revenue - Discretely Presented Component Units

Tobacco settlement revenue is the result of a settlement between various counties and Hospital Districts in Texas and the tobacco industry for tobacco-related health care costs. During the year ended September 30, 2002 the TCHD received approximately \$1,947,000 related to the settlement. The funding from the tobacco industry is to offset indigent health care costs of local governments.

#### (q) Risk Management - Discretely Presented Component Units

MHMRTC is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries; doctors' malpractice; and natural disasters. During fiscal 2002 MHMRTC was covered under a general liability insurance plan with a combined single limit of \$3,000,000 at a cost it considered to be economically justifiable.

MHMRTC has commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including workers' compensation and employee life and dental and accident insurance. Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three years.

#### (r) Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation.

#### (s) Net Assets

#### Net Assets: Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt

This component of net assets is reported in the proprietary fund financial statements and in the government-wide financial statements and represents the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unspent proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvements of these capital assets.

#### **Net Assets: Unrestricted**

This component of net assets is reported in the proprietary fund financial statements and in the government-wide financial statements and represents the difference between assets and liabilities that is not reported in Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt.

#### 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# (a) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statements of net assets

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds and net assets – governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$186,529 difference are as follows (in thousands):

Bonds payable	\$ 163,415
Less: Deferred charge on refunding (to be amortized as	
interest expense)	(423)
Less: Deferred charge for issuance costs (to be amortized	` ,
over life of debt)	(293)
Less: Issuance discount (to be amortized as interest expense)	(187)
Plus: Premium on refunding (to be amortized as interest expense)	74
Accrued interest payable	637
Arbitrage payable	10
Compensated absences	23,296
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total governmental funds	
to arrive at net assets-governmental activities	\$ 186,529

# (b) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances* – *total governmental funds* and *changes in net assts of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$47,426 difference are as follows (in thousands):

Capital outlay	\$	59,082
Depreciation expense		(11,656)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances- total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets		
of governmental activities	_\$	47,426

Another element of that reconciliation states that "The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins and donations) is to increase net assets." The details of this \$1,190 difference are as follows (in thousands):

In the statement of activities, only the gain on the sale of capital assets is reported. However, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of	
the capital assets sold.	\$ (254)
Donations of capital assets increase net assets in the statement of activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources.	 1,444
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund blancestotal governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 1,190

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this \$46,996 difference are as follows (in thousands):

Debt issued or incurred:		
Issuance of general obligation bonds	\$	25,000
Issuance of certificates of obligation bonds		18,600
Issuance of tax refunding		19,445
Issuance of tax notes		28,315
Less discounts		(233)
Plus premiums		86
Issuance cost		(339)
Principal repayments:		
Previous refunding debt		(4,205)
General obligation debt		(100)
Certificates of obligation debt		(16,360)
Limited tax refund debt		(3,830)
Payment to escrow agent for refunding		(19,383)
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances -total		
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of	_	
governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	46,996

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this \$8,181 difference are as follows (in thousands):

Compensated absences	\$ (8,167)
Arbitrage	136
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	(70)
Amortization of issuance costs	(46)
Amortization of bond discounts	(46)
Amortization of bond premiums	 12
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances - total	
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of	
governmental activities	\$ (8,181)

#### 3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

#### Cash

At year-end, the County's carrying amount of cash (including restricted assets) was \$62,421,939 and the bank balance was \$65,100,826, all of which was covered by Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or by collateral held by the County's agent in the County's name.

At year-end, TCHD's carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents (including restricted assets) was \$17,055,000 and the bank balance was \$21,981,000. Of the bank balance, \$18,671,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or by collateral held by TCHD's agent in TCHD's name.

On August 31, 2002, MHMRTC's carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents was (\$239,872) and the bank balance was \$107,320, all of which was covered by Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or by collateral held by MHMRTC's agent in MHMRTC's name.

#### **Investments**

Investments of the County and its component units have been categorized to give an indication of the level of collateral risk assumed at September 30, 2002. Category 1 includes amounts that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by a third party in the name of the County and its component units. Category 2 includes uninsured or unregistered investments for which securities are held by the counterparty's trust department in the name of the County and its component units. Category 3 includes uninsured/uncollateralized or unregistered amounts.

During fiscal year 2002, the County had investment agreements with the State of Texas Local Government Investment Pool (TexPool). TexPool, a public funds investment pool created by the Treasurer of the State of Texas acting by and through the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company, is empowered to invest funds and acts as custodian of investments purchased with local investment funds. Also, during fiscal year 2002 the County had investments with the Texas Association of School Boards Lone Star Investment Pool (Lone Star), Texas Cooperative Liquid Asset Securities System administered by MBIA Municipal Investors Service Corporation (MBIA), Local Government Investment Cooperative (LOGIC), and Federated Tax-Free Money Market (Money

Market Mutual Fund). These funds adhere to the Public Funds Investment Act and are authorized investments in the current County investment policy.

These investment pools use amortized cost rather than fair value to report net assets to compute share prices. Accordingly, the fair value of the position in the funds is the same as the value of the shares. These investments are not required to be categorized since the investor is not issued securities, but rather it owns an undivided beneficial interest in the assets of the respective fund.

At September 30, 2002, the County's investment balances were as follows (in thousands):

	Category			Fair
	1	2	3	Value
U.S. Government Securities	\$7,114			\$7,114
	\$7,114			7,114
Investments not subject				
to categorization:				
TexPool				27,804
Money Market Mutual Funds				2,697
Lone Star				41,580
MBIA				19,822
TexStar				15,225
				\$114,242

At September 30, 2002 TCHD's investment balances were as follows (in thousands):

		Fair		
	1	2	3	Value
Investments not subject				
to categorization:				
Money Market Mutual Funds				\$ 49,905
				\$ 49,905

At September 30, 2002 TCHD's investment balances classified as assets limited to use were as follows (in thousands):

		Category		Fair
	1	2	3	Value
U. S. Government Securities		\$ 5,793		\$ 5,793
U. S. Government Obligations		64,299		64,299
Corporate securities		335		335
		\$ 70,427		70,427
Investments not subject to categorization:				
Money Market Mutual Funds				55,015
				\$ 125,442

At September 30, 2002 TCHD's restricted investment balances were as follows (in thousands):

		_ Fair		
	1	2	3	Value
Investments not subject				
to categorization:				
Money Market Mutual Funds				\$ 1,906
				\$ 1,906

At August 30, 2002, MHMRTC's restricted investment balances were as follows (in thousands):

	 (	Fair			
	 1	2	3		Value
Repurchase agreement	 1,365			_\$_	1,365
	\$ 1,365				1,365
Investments not subject to categorization:					
Money Market Mutual Funds					11,106
					12,471

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments to the statement of net assets (in thousands):

	rimary vernment	Component Units		
Cash:				
County	\$ 9,689			
TCHD		\$	17,055	
MHMRTC			(240)	
Investments:				
County	114,242			
TCHD			49,905	
TCHD - assets limited as to use			125,442	
TCHD - restricted			1,906	
MHMRTC - restricted			12,471	
Total	\$ 123,931	\$	206,539	
Cash and investments per				
combined balance sheet:				
Unrestricted	\$ 123,931	\$	77,473	
Restricted			3,624	
Assets limited as to use	 		125,442	
Total	\$ 123,931		206,539	

### 4. RECEIVABLES AND ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS

The following is a summary of property taxes receivable and allowance for uncollectible accounts (in thousands):

	General	Road and Bridge	Debt Service	Total	TCHD
Taxes receivable Allowance for uncollectibles	\$ 10,213 (3,135)	\$ 30 (18)	\$ 2,315 (523)	\$ 12,558 (3,676)	\$ 10,926 (8,372)
Net taxes receivable	\$ 7,078	\$ 12	\$ 1,792	\$ 8,882	\$ 2,554

The following is a summary of accounts receivable for the County's individual major funds, nonmajor funds, internal service funds, and component units, including the allowance for uncollectible accounts (in thousands):

<b>Governmental Activities</b>									C	ther		
			Roa	d and	Ca	pital		•	Gove	rnmenta	l	
	_ <u>G</u>	<u>eneral</u>	Bı	idge	_Pr	ojects		rants	Funds_		Total	
Accounts receivable Long-term accounts	\$	744	\$	139	\$	325	<b>\$</b> 1	15,732	\$	705	\$	17,645
receivable		8,880										8,880
Net accounts receivable	\$	9,624	\$	139	\$	325	<b>\$</b> 1	15,732	\$	705	\$	26,525
Business-type Activities							Enterprise		Internal Service			Γotal
Accounts receivable							\$	223	\$	120	\$	343
Allowance for uncollectible												
Net accounts receivable							\$	223	\$	120	\$	343
<b>Component Units</b>							T	CHD_	MH	MRTC		<u> Fotal</u>
Accounts receivable							\$ 4	1,557	\$	1,965	\$	43,522
Allowance for uncollectible							(2	21,655)		(827)	(	22,482)
Net accounts receivable							\$ 1	9,902	\$	1,138	\$	21,040

The long-term accounts receivable relates to the 1998 sale of the Tarrant County Convention Center to the City of Fort Worth. The agreement allows for the City to pay the County over a twenty-year period.

Included in other receivables in the agency fund for the County is \$110,569,615 of tax receivable to be collected for third parties by the tax assessor's office.

For TCHD, patient account receivables are stated at estimated net realizable value and collateral is generally not required. Receivables from government programs and third-party payers represent a 56% concentrated group of credit risk for TCHD. Other receivables consist of receivables from various payers including individuals and insurance companies involved in diverse activities, subject to differing economic conditions, and do not represent any concentrated credit risks to TCHD. Furthermore, TCHD's management continually monitors and adjusts its reserves and allowances associated with these receivables.

TCHD provides care without charge to patients who meet certain criteria under its charity care policy. Because TCHD does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, they are not reported as revenue.

The Government-wide Statement of Net Assets other receivable amount includes fee office accounts receivable of \$19,836,000 with an allowance for uncollectible of \$9,157,000 and also includes the governmental activities-internal service fund receivable of \$120,000.

# 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

County

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2002 was as follows (in thousands):

	_	Balance ctober 1, 2001	Ac	ditions	Dis	sposals	Ad	justments	Balance tember 30, 2002
Governmental activities:									
Capital assets not depreciated:									
Land	\$	35,818	\$	7,174	\$	21	\$	(853)	42,118
Construction in progress				3,222				1,951	5,173
Software development				2,259				183	 2,442
Total capital assets not depreciated		35,818		12,655		21		1,281	49,733
Other capital assets:									
Buildings and improvements		127,755		35,215				1,868	164,838
Fixed equipment		91,013		7,813		2,224		(50,900)	45,702
Infrastructure		43,368		4,843		,		, , ,	48,211
Total other capital assets at cost		262,136		47,871		2,224		(49,032)	 258,751
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings and improvements		(40,440)		(4,486)					(44,926)
Fixed equipment		(23,247)		(5,220)		1,991			(26,476)
Infrastructure		(18,032)		(1,950)		1,771			(19,982)
Total accumulated depreciation		(81,719)	_	(11,656)	_	1,991			 (91,384)
Total accumulated depreciation		(01,717)	'	(11,050)		1,271			(71,504)
Other capital assets, net		180,417		36,215		4,215		(49,032)	167,367
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	216,235	\$	48,870	\$	4,236	\$	(47,751)	\$ 217,100
	Oc	alance tober 1, 2001	Ado	ditions	Dis	posals	Adi	ustments	Balance tember 30, 2002
Business-type activities:				<del></del>				·····	 
Capital assets not depreciated:									
Land	\$	116	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 116
Other capital assets:									
Buildings and improvements		3,150		45				(31)	3,164
Major movable equipment		401		16				(219)	198
Total other capital assets at cost	<del></del>	3,551		61		-		(250)	3,362
Accumulated depreciation		(1,589)		(156)				212	 (1,533)
Other capital assets, net		1,962		(95)		-		(38)	1,829
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	2,078	\$	(95)	\$	•	\$	(38)	\$ 1,945

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government	\$ 3,405
Public safety	2,172
Judicial	1,577
Community services	182
Transportation	 4,320
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 11,656

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2002, the County changed its policy for capitalization of capital assets to \$5,000 for individual items, except for computers and computer related items, which remain at \$1,500. This resulted in a reduction of capital assets of \$47,781,000. Also, the useful life for the proprietary fund's buildings was changed to 20 years from 15 years.

Construction in progress primarily consists of construction costs for the construction of the law center. At September 30, 2002, the remaining commitments on contracts and agreements approximated \$60,805,000.

The County is currently involved in the development and implementation of an enterprise resource planning software. At September 30, 2002, the remaining commitments on contracts and agreements approximated \$11,891,000.

TCHD
A summary of TCHD fixed assets at year-end follows (in thousands):

	Oc	alance tober 1, 2001	Increases		Decreases		Balance September 30, 2002	
Business-type activities								
Capital assets not depreciated:								
Land	\$	3,922	\$ 1,3	359	\$	-	\$	5,281
Construction in progress		9,591	9,	305		2,816		16,580
Total capital assets not depreciated		13,513	11,	164		2,816		21,861
Other capital assets:								
Buildings and system		131,483	1,0	)77		87		132,473
Improvements other than buildings		2,539		297				2,836
Machinery and equipment		119,249	6,	541_		543		125,347
Total other capital assets at cost		253,271	8,0	015		630		260,656
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		(58,513)	(5,3	323)				(64,336)
Improvements other than buildings		(1,983)	(	128)				(2,111)
Machinery and equipment		(76,785)	(9,0	085)		452		(85,418)
Total accumulated depreciation		(137,281)	(15,	036)		452		(151,865)
Other capital assets, net		115,990	(7,0	021)		1,082		108,791
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	129,503	\$ 4,	143	\$	3,898	\$	130,652

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Business-type activities:

Hospital \$ 15,036

Total business-type activities depreciation expense \$ 15,036

Construction in progress primarily consists of construction costs for renovation of the TCHD's facilities and construction of a public health building and central plant. At September 30, 2002, the remaining commitments on contracts and agreements approximated \$13,073,000.

#### **MHMRTC**

A summary of changes in general fixed asset balances, including assets recorded under capital leases for MHMRTC, for the year ended August 31, 2002, is as follows (in thousands):

	Balance September 1, 2001		Retirements	Adjustments	Balance August 31, 2002	
Governmental activities:						
Capital assets not depreciated:						
Land	\$ 945				\$ 945	
Total capital assets not depreciated	945	-		_	945	
Other capital assets:						
Buildings and improvements	6,198		\$ (5)		6,193	
Equipment and furniture	5,731	\$ 1,203	(1,376)	\$ (306)	5,252	
Total other capital assets at cost	11,929	1,203	(1,381)	(306)	11,445	
Less accumulated depreciation	(7,201)	(1,034)	1,349	251	(6,635)	
Governmental activities capital assets, ne	et \$ 5,673	\$ 169	\$ (32)	\$ (55)	\$ 5,755	

	Balance September 1, 2001			ditions	Dis	sposals	Balance August 31, 2002		
Business-type activities:								0.1 0.1 0.0	
Other capital assets:									
Buildings and improvements	\$	99	\$	87			\$	186	
Furniture and equipment		325						325	
Vehicles		2,128		125	\$	(236)		2,017	
Total other capital assets at cost		2,552		212		(236)		2,528	
Accumulated depreciation		(1,204)		(353)		193		(1,364)	
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	1,348	\$	(141)	\$	(43)	\$	1,164	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Mental Health Adult	\$ 492
Mental Retardation	401
Substance Abuse	79
Early Childhood Intervention	 62
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 1,034

For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2002, MHMRTC changed its policy for capitalization of capital assets to \$1,000 for individual items. This resulted in a reduction of the book value of capital assets of \$55,209.

#### 6. LONG-TERM DEBT

#### **County**

General obligation debt, certificates of obligation and contractual obligations are generally payable from property tax revenues. All other obligations, including capital leases and compensated absences, are payable from revenues of the general fund.

Long-term debt of the County consisted of the following at September 30, 2002 (in thousands):

General Obligation Bonds - Series 1999 with interest rates from 4.9% to 5.75%, payable in annual installments of varying amounts plus interest throught 2019	\$ 19,215
General Obligation Bonds - Series 2002 with interest rates from 4.0% to 5.0%, payable in annual installments in varying amounts plus interest through 2022	25,000
Limited Tax Refunding - Series 1994 with interest rates from 4.5% to 5.1%, payable in annual installments in varying amounts plus interest through 2010	20,415
Limited Tax Refunding - Series 2002 with interest rates from 3.0% to 4.0%, payable in annual installments in varying amounts plus interest through 2008	19,045
Certificates of Obligation - Series 1997A with interest at 4.25%, payable in annual installments in varying amounts plus interest through 2003	2,875
Certificates of Obligation - Series 1997B with interest at 4.25%, payable in annual installments in varying amounts plus interest through 2003	1,100

Certificates of Obligation - Series 1998 with interest from 3.8% to 4.0%, payable in annual installments of varying amounts plus interest through 2004	5,200
Certificates of Obligation - Series 1999 with interest from 4.75% to 5.0%, payable in annual installments of varying amounts plus interest through 2004	6,265
Certificates of Obligation - Series 2000 with interest at 4.75%, payable in annual installments of varying amounts plus interest through 2005	7,580
Certificates of Obligation - Series 2001 with interest at 4.0%, payable in annual installments of varying amounts plus interest through 2006	9,805
Certificates of Obligation - Series 2002 with interest from 2.5% to 3.5%, payable in annual installments of varying amounts plus interest through 2008	18,600
Taxable Tax Notes - Series 2002 with interest at 5.65%, payable in full in 2007	28,315 163,415
Less - current maturities	22,215
Long-term debt, net of current maturities	141,200
Less - unamortized premium and discount	113_
Long-term debt, net of current maturities, premium and discount	\$ 141,087

The annual debt service payments to maturity for the County's bonds are as follows (in thousands):

General Fiscal Obligation		n	Certificates of Obligation			Limited Tax Refunding Bonds				Taxable Tax Notes			Total Principal					
Year	Pr	incipal	Ir	iterest	Pr	incipal	In	iterest	Principal		Interest		Pr	incipal Inte		iterest	erest & Interes	
2003	\$	1,425	\$	2,188	\$	14,275	\$	1,999	\$	6,515	\$	1,631			\$	2,133	\$	30,166
2004		1,550		2,068		14,210		1,361		6,330		1,402				1,600		28,521
2005		1,630		1,985		8,730		793		6,165		1,161				1,600		22,064
2006		1,715		1,905		6,330		477		6,015		908				1,600		18,950
2007		1,805		1,822		3,865		261		5,860		658	\$	28,315		1,599		44,185
2008-2012		10,535		7,737		4,015		141		8,575		696						31,699
2013-2017		13,565		5,018														18,583
2018-2022		11,990		1,598														13,588
Total	\$	44,215	\$	24,321	\$	51,425	\$	5,032	\$	39,460	\$	6,456	\$	28,315	\$	8,532	\$	207,756

The following is a summary of the changes in long-term liability of the County for the year ended September 30, 2002 (in thousands):

	Balance October 1, 2001	Additions	Retirements	Balance September 30, 2002	Amounts Due within One year		
Bonds payable Arbitrage payable Accrued compensated absences	\$ 115,440 146 15,129	\$ 91,360 19,950	\$ 43,385 136 11,505	\$ 163,415 10 23,574	\$ 22,215 10 12,778		
Total	\$ 130,715	\$ 111,310	\$ 55,026	\$ 186,999	\$ 35,003		

In 2002, the 2002 Certificates of Obligation were issued to purchase equipment, machinery, motor vehicles, and improve, renovate and repair County-owned buildings. During the same year 2002 General Obligation bonds were issued to construct and equip the law center and associated parking garage. In addition, the County issued 2002 Tax Notes for the purpose of acquiring an existing building in downtown Fort Worth. The County has agreed to lease the building to the current tenant until December 31, 2004, with the option to extend the term for an additional six months. These new issues totaled \$71,915,000.

The County issued \$19,445,000, at a premium of \$86,000, general obligation refunding bonds. These were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments of general obligation refunding bonds totaling \$18,890,000. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered defeased, and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$492,700. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next 6 years by \$943,090 and resulted in an economic gain of \$837,526.

In prior years, the County defeased certain general obligation and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the statement of net assets. On September 30, 2002, none of the bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

The County is not obligated under any significant noncancelable long-term leases.

#### **TCHD**

Long-term debt of TCHD consisted of the following at September 30, 2002 (in thousands):

Revenue Bonds, Series 2002: Gross of unamortized premium of \$260, bearing interest at rates ranging from 2.0% to 5.5%, payable in annual installments ranging from \$600 to \$2,790 from 2003 through 2027; gross revenue, excluding ad valorem tax revenue, is pledged as collateral	\$	41,200
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 1999: Current Interest Bonds, net of unamortized discount of \$12, bearing interest at rates ranging from 4.1% to 4.5%, payable in annual intallments ranging from \$1,190 to \$1,255 from 2003 through 2005;		
ad valorem tax revenue is pledged as collateral		3,653
		44,853
Less - current maturities	*****	1,855
Long-term debt, net of current maturities	\$	42,998

TCHD's aggregate debt service payments to maturity are as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal	General Refunding Bonds						Capital Leases				Total Principal			
Year	Pr	incipal	Int	erest	Pr	incipal	In	terest	Pri	ncipal	In	terest	&	Interest
2003	\$	1,255	\$	161	\$	600	\$	2,335	\$	562	\$	481	\$	5,394
2004		1,220		107		1,010		1,925		601		443		5,306
2005		1,190		54		1,025		1,903		642		402		5,216
2006						1,055		1,875		685		358		3,973
2007						1,090		1,843		732		311		3,976
2008-2012						6,060		8,607		4,220		736		19,623
2013-2017						7,580		7,080		ŕ				14,660
2018-2022						9,865		4,884						14,749
2023-2027						12,655		2,001						14,656
Add - premium						260								260
Less - discounts		(12)					********							(12)
Total	<u>\$</u>	3,653	\$	322	\$	41,200	\$	32,453	\$	7,442	\$	2,731	\$	87,801

The following is a summary of the changes in long-term debt for TCHD for the year ended September 30, 2002 (in thousands):

	Oc	alance tober 1, 2001	A	dditions	Ret	irements	Balance September 30, 2002		
Bonds payable Capital leases	\$	9,598 8,011	\$	41,203	\$	5,948 569	\$	44,853 7,442	
Total	\$	17,609	\$	41,203	\$	6,517	\$	52,295	

Interest costs capitalized during 2002 were \$425,000.

#### **MHMRTC**

Long-term debt of MHMRTC consisted of the following at August 31, 2002 (in thousands):

General obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 1993 with interest rates from 4.65% to 5.5%, payable in varying amounts annually through 2013	\$ 3,824
Less - current maturities	 295
Long-term debt, net of current maturities	\$ 3,529

MHMRTC's aggregate debt service payments to maturity (excluding compensated absences and capital leases) are as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal		General C Refundir		Total Principal			
Year	Pri	ncipal	Int	erest	& Interest		
2003	\$	295	\$	196	\$	491	
2004		310		180		490	
2005		330		164		494	
2006		350		146		496	
2007		370		127		497	
2008-2012		2,169		365		2,534	
Total	\$	3,824	\$	1,178	\$	5,002	

In November 2001, MHMRTC entered into an agreement with BancOne for a line of credit of \$701,922 for the purchase of information systems equipment. The Center agreed to pay the Bank in equal monthly installments of principal and interest of \$20,708 beginning on December 29, 2001 regardless of the amount drawn down at the time of repayment. At year-end, \$382,935 had been drawn on this line of credit.

During fiscal year 1994, MHMRTC issued \$6,213,500 of tax-exempt bonds, proceeds from the sale of which were used for the refunding of the remaining principal outstanding on the fiscal year 1991 bond issuance, reimbursement of certain construction expenditures and purchase of vehicles. As a result, the 1991 series bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for these bonds has been removed. The balance of these refunded bonds at August 31, 2002 was \$2,340,000. At August 31, 2002, MHMRTC had a restricted investment of \$1,365,316 held by an escrow agent to be used for principal and interest payments on the series 1993 bonds as required by the bond contract. All restricted cash and investments related to this bond issue, accounts receivable, receivables from other governments and property acquired with bond proceeds are pledged as collateral.

The following is a summary of the changes in long-term obligations for MHMRTC for the year ended August 31, 2002 (in thousands):

	Sept	alance ember 1, 2001	Ad	lditions	Reti	rements	Au	alance gust 31, 2002	W	Due ithin e Year
Accrued compensated absences	\$	597					\$	597		
Obligations under capital leases		185	\$	837	\$	(347)		675	\$	326
Line of credit				383		(168)		215		215
Tax-exempt bonds		4,109				(285)		3,824		295
Total	\$	4,891	_\$_	1,220	\$	(800)	\$	5,311	\$	836

Conduit Debt - TCHFC, TCIDC and TCHFDC issue revenue bonds to promote housing development, commercial and industrial and manufacturing enterprises, and health facilities, respectively. TCHFC, TCIDC and TCHFDC contract their rights under the loan agreements to an approved trustee. The revenue bonds are payable solely from payments from the user (benefiting corporations and organizations) of the bonds as defined under the loan agreement and TCHFC, TCIDC and TCHFDC are under no obligation to pay bonds from any other source. All payments are made directly from the benefiting corporations to trustees. TCHFC has issued its Housing Finance Revenue Bonds Series as follows (in thousands):

Outstanding

	Dringing Amount
User Corporation	Principal Amount September 30, 2002
oser corporation	September 50, 2002
Multifamily (Amherst Association) 85	\$ 8,620
Multifamily (Arbors/Central Park) 90	6,515
Multifamily (Arbors/Oakmont) 90	4,285
Multifamily (Royal Meadows) 85	5,100
Multifamily (Lincoln Meadows) 88	10,755
Multifamily (S F Apartments) 93	7,050
Multifamily (Somerset Project) 95	30,461
Multifamily (Summit on the Lake) 97A	3,475
Multifamily (Summit on the Lake) 97B	1,000
Multifamily (Bending Oaks Brook) 94A	5,013
Multifamily (Bending Oaks Brook) 94B	6,416
Multifamily (Bending Oaks Brook) 95	9,709
Multifamily (Windcastle Project) 96	7,334
Multifamily (Emerald Oaks) 89	6,200
Multifamily (Grayson Square) 89	6,570
Multifamily (Hayden's Crossing) 89	2,825
Multifamily (Fair Oaks) 2000A	6,565
Multifamily (Fair Oaks) 2000B	210
Multifamily (Fair Oaks) 2000C	760
Multifamily (Fair Oaks) 2000D	1,085
Multifamily (Hurst Manor) 1998	2,915
Multifamily (Hurst Manor) 1998T	26
Multifamily (Sierra Springs) 1999	8,335
Multifamily (Windrush) 1999A	11,780
Multifamily (Windrush) 1999B	235
Remington Hill Development 1998	13,880
Multifamily (Bardin Greene) 2001	17,715
Multifamily (Bardin Greene) 2001T	950
Multifamily (Legacy) 2001	10,627
Multifamily (Legacy) 2001T	650
Multifamily (Lost Spurs) 2001	15,210
Multifamily (Lost Spurs) 2001T	750
Multifamily (Chatham Creek) 2001	13,100
Multifamily (Chatham Creek) 2001T	275
Multifamily (Palm House) 2001A	6,000
Multifamily (Palm House) 2001B	150

58

Multifamily (Westridge) 2001A	5,120
Multifamily (Westridge) 2001B	240
Multifamily (Westridge) 2001C	475
Multifamily (Westridge) 2001D	470
Multifamily (Crossroads) 2001A	13,835
Multifamily (Crossroads) 2001B	630
Multifamily (Crossroads) 2001C	1,525
Multifamily (Manitoba) 2001A	7,450
Multifamily (Manitoba) 2001B	250
Multifamily (Quail Ridge) 2002A	7,100
Multifamily (Quail Ridge) 2002B	250
Multifamily (Arlington Seniors) 2002	12,825
Single family 1985 A	83,763
Single family 1993 – Tax	110
Single family (GNMA) 94	5,540
Single Family 1997	5,920
Single family 1998	18,129
Bear Creek	14,775
The Courtyards at Riverpark 1985 series	3,225
Single Family 1998 Refunding	11,171
TCHFC (Lincoln Meadows) 88	10,755
Total Conduit Debt	\$ 436,104

For certain Single Family debt issues, the trustee declared an event of default due to insufficient funds being on hand with the trustee to allow it to make the sinking fund redemption payments due. The event has not been cured and is ongoing.

TCHFDC has issued its Health Facilities Development Revenue Bonds Series as follows (in thousands):

Outstanding Principal Amount September 30, 2002
50,2002
\$ 16,680
48,265
21,675
13,570
6,055
3,205
9,165
5,595
13,000
3,765
8,490
14,535
9,355
45
33,570

Harris Methodist Health Systems 87A	11,805
Harris Methodist Health Systems 87B	24,070
Harris Methodist Health Systems 94	88,920
Harris Methodist Health Systems 96	84,740
Texas Health Resources Series 97	413,790
Heritage Housing Long Term Care Facility Series 97	13,240
Heritage Housing Long Term Care Facility Series 98 A	2,010
Heritage Housing Long Term Care Facility Series 98 B	2,130
Heritage Housing Long Term Care Facility Series 98 C	2,715
Heritage Eastwood Gardens, Houston Series 1998 A	8,770
Heritage Eastwood Gardens, Houston Series 1998 B	2,460
Heritage Valley Gardens, Brownsville Series A	9,780
Heritage Valley Gardens, Brownsville Series B	1,850
Carter Blood Care Series 98	12,300
Harvest Communities of Houston Series 1999-A	5,053
Harvest Communities of Houston Series 1999-B	347
Bethesda Living Centers-Bethesda Gardens Series 1998C	8,770
Westchester Retirement Community Project 98A	26,775
Westchester Retirement Community Project 98B	1,315
Westchester Retirement Community Project 98C	2,500
Baylor 2002A FAST	83,665
Cumberland Rest, Inc. Series 2002	18,000
Total Conduit Debt	\$ 1,031,975

The trustee for the following bond issues has notified the Foundation of certain defaults that had occurred with the Master Indenture:

60

Harvest Communities of Houston Series 1999 A

Harvest Communities of Houston Series 1999 B

Westchester Retirement Community Project 98 A

Westchester Retirement Community Project 98 B

Westchester Retirement Community Project 98 C

This matter is not yet resolved by the TCHFDC.

TCIDC has issued its Industrial Development Bonds Series as follows (in thousands):

User Corporation	Outstanding Principal Amount September 30, 2002			
Holden Business Forms	\$ 3,505			
Fox Meyer – TBL, Inc.	5,000			
Sterigenics International Inc. Project Ser 1997	5,075			
Mortex Products, Inc.	4,000			
Total Conduit Debt	\$ 17,580			

#### 7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Partners Together for Health (Partners) is a nonprofit organization whose purpose is to perform services on behalf of the TCHD, including organizing fund-raising activities, performing patient assistance programs, participating in recruiting functions and conducting administrative services. The TCHD reimburses Partners for its expenses through a contracted fee arrangement, which is currently \$207,000 per year. Partners' Board of Directors is independent of the TCHD's Board of Managers with the exception of one TCHD board member. As the TCHD has no voting power, there is no significant control over Partners to warrant consolidation into the TCHD's combined financial statements.

#### 8. CHANGES IN AGENCY FUND - MHMRTC

Changes in the Client Trust Fund, as agency fund, are summarized below (in thousands):

	Balance September 1, 2001		Ado	dititions	Balance August 31, 2002		
Cash	\$	536	\$	3,247	 3,358	\$	425
Client custodian funds payable	\$	536	\$	3,247	 3,358	\$	425

#### 9. DEFICIT FUND BALANCES/NET ASSETS

The following is a summary of County funds which had a deficit fund balance or deficit net assets as of September 30, 2002 (in thousands):

Self-insurance 490 Worker's Compensation 7,525

The County plans to reduce the deficit in these funds with future revenues.

#### 10. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

The following is a summary of County interfund transfers, receivable and payables at September 30, 2002 and for the year then ended (in thousands):

Operating transfer From	Amount	Operating transfer To	Explanation
General Fund General Fund General Fund Road and Bridge Road and Bridge Capital Projects Fund Other Governmental Internal Service Grants Fund Other Governmental Other Governmental	\$ 1,457 2,854 179 3,345 2,792 8 638 376 430 55 567 \$ 12,701	Grants Fund Capital Projects Fund Other Governmental Capital Projects Fund General Fund Debt Service Fund General Fund Other Governmental Other Governmental Other Governmental Grants Fund	Required match and supplement fund sources Supplement Capital funds Required match and supplement fund sources Supplement Capital funds Supplement Road and Bridge Supplement Debt Service fund Reimburse for courthouse security Forfeited contributions Required match and supplement fund sources Required match and supplement fund sources Required match and supplement fund sources
Funds Due From	Amount F	unds Due To Exp	planation

Funds Due From	Amount	Funds Due To	Explanation
General	\$ 5,762	Grants Fund	Short-term loan
General	362_	Other Governmental	Short-term loan
	\$ 6,124		

#### 11. TEXAS DISPROPORTIONATE SHARE PROGRAM – TCHD

In response to the growing number of uninsured patients, urban violence, drug abuse and the rising costs of healthcare, the Texas Legislature established the Texas Medicaid Disproportionate Share III program ("Dispro III") effective July 30, 1991. The program was designed to assist those facilities serving the majority of the indigent patients by providing funds supporting increased access to health care within the community. Dispro III allows the Texas Department of Human Services to levy assessments from certain hospitals, use the assessed funds to obtain federal matching funds and then redistribute the total funds to those facilities serving a disproportionate share of indigent patients in the State of Texas. The program expired in June 1994. However, the Texas Legislature enacted a similar program that extends indefinitely but it could be discontinued at any time. During fiscal year 2002, TCHD recorded revenues of approximately \$47,885,000 from Texas Disproportionate Share programs (primarily Dispro III).

#### 12. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

The County offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Various investment companies administer the plan. The plan, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. The County has established a custodial legal trust arrangement with the investment companies, which administer the plan. Under these trust arrangements, all amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property or rights are solely the property and rights of the employees. Accordingly, the amounts invested with these investment companies are not included in the County's financial statements.

#### 13. RETIREMENT PLANS

#### County

#### a. Plan Description

The County provides retirement, disability and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). This is accounted for as an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of 509 nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 8 years of service but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

#### b. Funding Policy

The County has elected the annually determined contribution rate (ADCR) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually. The employer contributed using the actuarially determined

rate of 10.00% for the months of the accounting year in 2001, and 10.01% for the months of the accounting year in 2002. The contribution rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2002 is the rate of 7% as adopted by the governing body of the employer.

#### c. Annual Pension Cost

For the County's accounting year ending September 30, 2002, the annual pension cost for the TCDRS plan for its employees was \$16,490,936 and the actual contributions were \$16,490,936. The annual required contributions were actuarially determined as a percent of the covered payroll of the participating employees, and were in compliance with the GASB Statement No. 27 parameters based on the actuarial valuations as of December 31, 1999 and December 31, 2000, the basis for determining the contribution rates for calendar years 2001 and 2002. The December 31, 2001 actuarial valuation is the most recent valuation.

Actuarial	Valuation	Information
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Actuarial valuation date	12/31/1999	12/31/2000	12/31/2001
Actuarial cost method	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, open	Level percentage of payroll, open	Level percentage of payroll, open
Amortization period	20 years	20 years	20 years
Asset valuation method	Long-term appreciation with adjustment	Long-term appreciation with adjustment	Long-term appreciation with adjustment
Actuarial assumptions:			
Investment return <sup>1</sup>	8.0%	8.0%	8.0%
Projected salary increases <sup>1</sup>	5.9%	5.9%	5.5%
Inflation	4.0%	4.0%	3.5%
Cost-of-living adjustments	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes inflation at the stated rate

Trend Information for the Retirement Plan for the Employees of the County

Accounting Year Ended	C	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation	
Sept 30, 2000	\$	14,217,028	100%	0	
Sept 30, 2001		15,445,569	100%	0	
Sept 30, 2002		16,490,936	100%	0	

#### d Post-Employment Healthcare Benefits

In addition to providing retirement benefits, the County provides certain healthcare and dental insurance benefits and an employee assistance program (EAP) to its retirees and their dependents. To be eligible for these benefits, the employee must be working for the County at the time of retirement. The County is under no legal obligation to pay these premiums, and the decision to provide these benefits is made by the Commissioners Court on a year-to-year basis. The cost of these benefits is recognized when claims or premiums are paid. At year-end, there were 663 retirees and 204 of their dependents receiving benefits. For the year ended September 30, 2002, the County incurred \$1,227,429 in health insurance premiums and the retirees contributed \$404,579. The County pays the entire cost for EAP coverage of \$6,222 while the retirees pay the entire cost of the dental insurance premiums.

#### **TCHD**

#### a. Plan Description

The TCHD sponsors a public employee defined benefit pension plan for eligible employees within a multiple-employer retirement program sponsored for member hospitals by the Texas Hospital Association (THA). HealthShare/THA, a wholly owned subsidiary of THA, is the plan administrator of this pension plan. The plan's assets are invested as a portion of THA's master pension trust fund. The plan provides retirement, death, and disability benefits. Amendments to the plan are made only with the authority of the TCHD's Board of Managers. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report. However, an annual actuarial valuation report is available from the TCHD or HealthShare/THA. The report may be obtained by writing HealthShare/THA at P.O Box 15587, Austin, Texas 78761-5587.

#### b. Funding Status

The Board of Managers of the TCHD has sole authority to establish or amend the obligations to contribute to the plan by participants or the employer.

Plan members are required to annually contribute 1% of their compensation. The TCHD makes contributions, which are actuarially determined to pay the plan's total cost (determined as a level percentage of total participant compensation) less the projected employee contributions. The TCHD contributes amounts for each plan year that equal the amount that is actuarially determined through an annual actuarial valuation. This amount is the normal cost using the aggregate actuarial cost method. The employer contributions were 3.4% of estimated participant compensation for the plan year ended September 30, 2002. The costs of administering the plan are paid by the plan and are considered in the determination of the employer contribution rate.

#### c. Annual Pension Cost

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2002, the TCHD's annual pension cost was \$1,503,882, the same as the annual required contributions determined in the October 1, 2001 actuarial valuation. There is no existing net pension obligation.

The required contributions for the plan year ended September 30, 2002 were based on the results of the actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2001 using the aggregate actuarial cost method and were in compliance with the GASB Statement No. 27 parameters. The actuarial assumptions included (a) an 8%

investment rate of return [net of administrative expenses] and (b) projected salary increases of 4% to 8% per year varying by attained age; both (a) and (b) reflect an inflation component of approximately 4%. The assumptions did not include any post-retirement benefit increases. The actuarial value of plan assets was determined using a 5-year smoothed market value method, which approximates fair value. There is no unfunded actuarial liability to be amortized or an amortization period with the aggregate actuarial cost method.

#### **MHMRTC**

MHMRTC participates in a multiple-employer 401(a) defined contribution pretax retirement plan available to full-time employees who have completed one year of service. Effective October 1, 1993, the plan was amended to allow employees to contribute 5% of earnings with MHMRTC contributing 10% of earnings to participating employees. The plan was also amended to allow loans by participants. Prior to this amendment, the plan allowed an employee to contribute 1% of earnings to the plan with MHMRTC matching the employee's contributions at a rate of 4%. Participants were granted a one-time choice to remain with the 1-4 match, and certain employees chose to remain in the plan. The 1-4 plan is no longer an option. On October 17, 1997, the plan was amended reducing the employer contribution to 8%. Participants start to vest in the employer's contribution at the completion of one year of service with 100% vesting occurring after five years. Forfeited contributions are held in a separate account and can be used to reduce future contributions.

Amounts contributed are invested in various investments, including equity securities, mutual funds, and cash management plans. For the year ended August 31, 2002, covered payroll was approximately \$18,913,900; total payroll, excluding temporary service personnel, was approximately \$36,707,610. The required contributions in dollars and the percentage of that amount contributed for the current year and each of the two preceding years are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Employer Contributions	Employee Contributions	Percentage Contributed	
2000	\$ 1,481,351	\$ 925,844	100%	
2001	1,495,568	934,730	100%	
2002	1,513,112	945,695	100%	

#### 14. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENGIES

#### Commitments

The County and TCHD have no material future operating lease commitments. Total rental expense incurred for the County and TCHD for fiscal 2002 was \$1,497,630, and \$3,786,000, respectively.

MHMRTC is obligated under capital leases for certain equipment as of August 31, 2002. Such assets totaled approximately \$675,006 at August 31, 2002.

The future minimum lease payments under operating and capital leases and the present value of the future minimum capital lease payments for MHMRTC as of August 31, 2002 are as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending August 31,	-	erating Leases	Capital Leases	
2003	\$	1,849	\$	336
2004		1,155		291
2005		588		65
2006		312		
2007		60		
Total minimum lease payment		3,964		692
Less amount representing interest	-			(17)
Present value of future minimum lease payments			_\$	675

#### **Contingencies**

#### County

The County participates in a number of state and federally assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Such compliance audits of these programs for the periods ended September 30, 2002 have not yet been completed. Accordingly, the County's compliance with applicable grant or contract requirements will be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of expenditures, which may be disallowed by the granting agencies, cannot be determined at this time, and, accordingly, no accrual has been made for them, as management believes these to be immaterial.

The County is party to lawsuits and claims in the ordinary course of operation. The possible losses of these lawsuits could range from \$1 to \$7 million. County management has accrued for an estimate of losses for such claims in the accompanying general-purpose financial statements. County management believes the outcome of these legal matters would not have a material adverse effect on the County's financial position.

The County is self-insured for workers' compensation, automobile bodily injury and property damage, comprehensive general liability and all self-insured retentions for existing policies. It is the opinion of County management that the amounts accrued at September 30, 2002 is adequate to provide for potential losses resulting from pending or threatened litigation, asserted claims and claims incurred but not reported.

#### **TCHD**

TCHD has been named in legal actions alleging failure to exercise due professional care and other matters. The claims are in various stages of processing and some may ultimately be brought to trial. There are known incidents occurring through September 30, 2002 that may result in the assertion of additional claims and other claims may be asserted arising from services provided to patients in the past.

#### **MHMRTC**

MHMRTC has participated in a number of state and federally assisted grant, Medicare and Medicaid programs. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives and regulatory authorities. The purpose of the audits is to ensure compliance with conditions relating to the granting of funds and other reimbursement regulations. MHMRTC's management believes that any liability for reimbursement, which may arise as the result of these audits, will not be material to the financial position of MHMRTC.

MHMRTC is involved in certain lawsuits arising in the ordinary course of business. It is MHMRTC management's belief that any liability resulting from such lawsuits would not be material in relation to MHMRTC's financial position.

#### 15. SELF-INSURANCE PROGRAMS

#### County

The County is exposed to various risks of loss in its normal daily operations. These risks include tort claims, theft/damage of County assets, errors and omissions, injury to employees and natural disasters. Additionally, the County self-insures a portion of the employee group health care plans.

The County has established three separate self-insurance funds (Internal Service) to account for these operations. The three funds are:

Employee Benefits Fund – accounts for County employee benefits.

Self-Insurance Funds – accounts for County self-insured general liability claims including the County Clerk and District Clerk Error and Omissions funds.

Workers Compensation Fund – accounts for workers compensation claims.

Commercial insurance has been obtained for most instances of physical property damage. Deductible amounts are as follows:

Buildings	\$ 50,000
Boilers	5,000
Scheduled equipment	1,000

For the year ended September 30, 2002 an actuarial study was obtained for the Workers Compensation Fund and the Self-insurance Fund. This study was used as a basis for determining the liability at September 30, 2002.

The District Clerk Errors and Omissions Fund and the County Clerk Errors and Omissions Fund were established pursuant to state law and provide for the collection of a fee for certain cases filed with the respective clerks. To date, neither of these funds has experienced a significant claim.

Beginning in fiscal 1994, the County elected to self-insure a portion of the employee group health care program. Specifically, employees are offered options for group health coverage, only one of which provides an insured coverage based on fixed premiums paid by the County. Dental coverage is offered with one option being an uninsured indemnity plan, and all other options being fixed premium Dental Maintenance

Organization plans. At September 30, 2002, 3389 and 3103 employees elected self-insured health care coverage and dental coverage, respectively.

Change in the accrued liability in the Workers Compensation Fund and Self-insurance Fund for the last two years is as follows (in thousands):

	2002	2001
Beginning liability	\$10,717	\$10,097
New claims/adjustments	3,533	3,858
Claims paid/adjustments	(3,533)	(3,858)
Other - change in estimate	1,316	620
Ending liability	\$12,033	\$10,717

There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year, nor did any settlement exceed coverage for the past three years.

#### **TCHD**

TCHD is self-insured for professional and general liability, health insurance, and workers' compensation risk. TCHD's maximum liability for professional and general liability claims as a governmental unit under the Tort Claims Act is generally \$100,000 per individual and \$300,000 in the aggregate for each occurrence. TCHD has purchased an insurance policy from a commercial carrier for workers' compensation claims exceeding \$300,000 per occurrence and \$2,800,000 in the aggregate for the period September 1, 2001 through August 31, 2003. Similar coverage was purchased for periods prior to September 1, 2001.

Self-insurance reserves for professional and general liability are estimated for asserted and unasserted claims based on TCHD's historical experience and opinion of legal counsel. Professional and general liability reserves totaled \$7,067,000 at September 30, 2002. It is the opinion of TCHD's management that the estimated reserves at September 30, 2002 are adequate to provide for potential losses resulting from pending or threatened litigation and asserted and unasserted claims. However, the ultimate cost of the pending litigation and claims will not be determined for several years and losses may exceed recorded accruals.

Self-insurance reserves for workers' compensation and health insurance represents TCHD's management's estimate of losses and claims incurred based on the District's loss history. Workers' compensation and health insurance reserves totaled \$3,994,000 at September 30, 2002, which is recorded in other accrued liabilities. Claims paid during 2002 related to workers' compensation and health insurance totaled approximately \$10,722,000. Expenses related to workers' compensation and health insurance totaled approximately \$11,699,000 during 2002.

Change in the accrued liability for the last two years is as follows (in thousands):

	2002	2001		
Beginning liability New claims Claims paid	\$ 6,580 11,209 (10,722)	\$ 6,026 7,450 (6,896)		
Ending liability	\$ 7,067	\$ 6,580		

#### 16. TAX INCREMENT FINANCING AGREEMENTS

The County is involved in several tax increment financing agreements (TIF) as illustrated in the following table (in thousands):

Name	Percentage Committed	Taxes Forgone During 2002	
Grapevine Mills	100%	\$ 488	
City of Southlake	100%	169	
City of Fort Worth #3	100%	101	
City of Colleyville	100%	84	
City of Grand Prairie #2	75%	83	
City of Keller	66%	47	
City of North Richland Hills #2	100%	35	
City of North Richland Hills #1	100%	18	
Downtown Arlington	100%	11	
City of Grand Prairie #3	75%	1	

During the year, the County agreed to participate in City of Fort Worth TIF #4. There were no taxes forgone during 2002.

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# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM TREND DATA SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE RETIREMENT PLAN FOR THE EMPLOYEES OF THE COUNTY

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

(Amounts in thousands) (UNAUDITED)

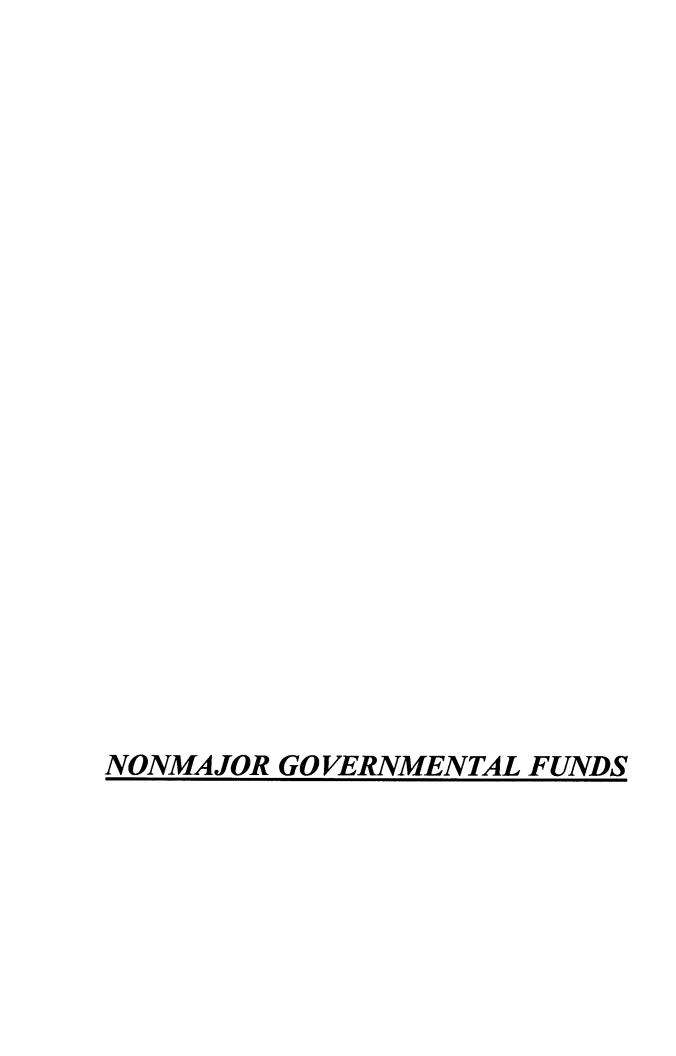
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	_	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio	(	Annual Covered Payroll	Underfunded Acturial Accrued Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/1999 12/31/2000 12/31/2001	\$ 253,202 281,361 313,026	\$	312,810 341,930 380,341	\$ 59,608 60,569 67,315	80.94% 82.29% 82.30%	\$	135,190 144,628 156,134	44.09% 41.88% 43.11%

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) - GENERAL FUND & ROAD AND BRIDGE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2002 (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

	General Fund					
	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual (Budget Basis)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:						
Taxes, licenses and permits	\$171,851	\$ 31	\$ 171,882	\$171,809	\$171,809	\$ 42
Fees of office	22,383	(36)	22,347	20,059	20,059	2,324
Intergovernmental	12,374	18	12,392	10,601	12,745	(371)
Investment income	2,059	374	2,433	3,298	3,298	(1,239)
Other revenues	9,679	(59)	9,620	10,245	8,101	1,578
Total revenues	218,346	328	218,674	216,012	216,012	2,334
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government	47,100	27	47,127	69,515	65,921	18,821
Public safety	85,486	(12)	85,474	90,511	91,176	5,690
Transportation support						
Judicial	68,730	33	68,763	66,906	70,432	1,702
Community services	5,844		5,718	6,046	6,135	291
Capital outlay						
Debt service:						
Principal payments						
Interest and fiscal charges			<del></del>			
Total expenditures	207,160	(78)	207,082	232,978	233,664	26,504
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	11,186	406	11,592	(16,966)	(17,652)	28,838
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Operating transfers in	3,430		3,430	3,372	3,372	58
Operating transfers out	(4,490)		(4,490)	(5,406)	(4,720)	230
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,060)		(1,060)	(2,034)	(1,348)	288
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other						
financing sources (uses) over (under)						
expenditures	10,126	406	10,532	(19,000)	(19,000)	29,126
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	36,196	(12,163)	24,033	19,000	19,000	17,196
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 46,322	\$(11,757)	\$ 34,565	•	\$ -	
TOTAL DITEINACED, CHU OI YOU	φ <b>4</b> 0,322	$\varphi(11, 737)$	φ 3 <del>4</del> ,303	\$ -	\$ -	\$46,322

Road and Bridge							
Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual (Budget Basis)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Variance Positive (Negative)		
\$ 3 23,688 24 306 49 24,070	138 (1) 0 (10) 127	\$ 3 23,826 23 306 39 24,197	\$ 2 23,535 23 270 15 23,845	\$ 2 23,535 23 270 15 23,845	\$ 1 153 1 36 34 225		
17,230	173	17,403	26,408	26,408	(9,178)		
17,230 6,840	173 (46)	17,403 6,794	26,408	<u>26,408</u> (2,563)	<u>(9,178)</u> 9,403		
(6,137) (6,137)	<del></del>	(6,137) (6,137)	(6,137) (6,137)	(6,137) (6,137)	<u> </u>		
703 12,829	(46) (2,238)	657 10,591	(8,700)	(8,700) 8,700	9,403 4,129_		
\$ 13,532	\$ (2,284)	\$ 11,248	\$ -	\$ -	\$13,532		





# TARRANT COUNTY, TEXAS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FUND DESCRIPTION

#### LAW LIBRARY FUND

This fund was established, pursuant to State statutes, to account for the collection and expenditure of monies collected in civil cases supporting the Tarrant County Law Library.

#### **RECORDS PRESERVATION & AUTOMATION FUNDS**

This fund was established, pursuant to State statutes, to account for the collection and expenditure of monies collected in court cases to allow for the preservation and automation of County records.

#### **EDUCATION FUND**

This fund was established, pursuant to State statutes, to account for the collection and expenditure of monies collected to provide for the continuing education of those officials and employees associated with the probate courts and certain law enforcement offices.

#### PUBLIC HEALTH CONTRACT FUND

The Tarrant County Hospital District provides funding for the operation of the Tarrant County Health Department in an effort to aggregate the cost of health service to Tarrant County residents.

#### DISTRICT ATTORNEY CONTRACTS

These funds are used to account for monies collected by the District Attorney which are used in the investigation of criminal activities. These monies consist primarily of fees for bad checks and forfeited monies resulting from narcotics related convictions.

#### SHERIFF CONTRACTS

These funds are used to account for monies collected by activities in the Sheriff Department. These activities include fees from operation of the jail commissary which are used for the benefit of the jail inmates. Monies are also collected from forfeitures resulting from narcotics related activities.

#### MISCELLANEOUS TRUST FUNDS

These funds are used to account for monies received by Tarrant County as contributions for specified purposes.

#### **COURT DESIGNATED FUND**

This fund was established to account for the collection and expenditures of monies collected for court ordered designation, pursuant to State statutes.

#### VEHICLE INVENTORY TAX FUND

This fund was established, pursuant to State statutes, to account for any interest earnings generated from the vehicle inventory tax, which the collector shall retain to defray the cost of collecting this tax.

#### CONSUMER HEALTH FUND

This fund was established, pursuant to State statutes, to account for the collection of food permit fees and expenditures incurred in connection with issuing permits and conducting inspections.

#### HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION

The Housing Finance Corporation was organized exclusively for the purpose of benefiting and accomplishing public purposes of, and on behalf of, the County, by financing the cost of residential ownership and development that will provide decent, safe and sanitary housing for residents of the County at prices they can afford.

#### INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

The Industrial Development Corporation was organized to promote and develop commercial, industrial and manufacturing enterprises to promote and encourage employment and public welfare.

76



## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2002 (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Records Preservation			Public	District			
	Law	and		Health	Attorney			
<u>ASSETS</u>	Library	Automation	Education	Contract	Contracts			
Cash and investments	\$ 734	\$ 1,399	\$ 109	\$ 806	\$ 1,278			
Other receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles								
Supplies and prepaid items	2	85	<del></del>	12				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 736	\$ 1,484	\$ 109	\$ 818	\$ 1,278			
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$ 168	\$ 206	\$ 31	<b>\$</b> 51	<b>\$</b> 10			
Other liabilities					695			
Due to other funds								
Deferred revenue								
Total liabilities	168	206	31_	51_	705			
FUND BALANCES								
Reserved:								
For encumbrances	7	23		50				
For supplies and prepaid items	2	85		12				
Unreserved, undesignated	559	1,170	78	705	573			
Total fund balances	568	1,278	78	767_	573			
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 736	\$ 1,484	\$ 109	\$ 818	\$ 1,278			

eriff	Miscellaneous Contracts	Court Designated Funds	Vehicle Inventory Tax	Consumer Health	Housing Finance Corporation	Industrial Development Corporation	Total
\$ 530	\$ 1,499	\$ 489	\$ 163	\$ 77	\$ 2,877	\$ 84	\$10,045
 18	687				<u>-</u>		705 99
\$ 548	\$ 2,186	\$ 489	\$ 163	\$ 77	\$ 2,877	\$ 84	\$10,849
\$ 3	\$ 156	\$ 30		\$ 2	<b>\$</b> 192		\$ 849 695
	362	12_					362 12_
 3	518	42		2	192		1,918
30	24		\$ 3	1			138
 515	1,644	447_	160	74	2,685	\$ 84	99 8,694
 545	1,668	447	163	75_	2,685	84	8,931
\$ 548	\$ 2,186	\$ 489	\$ 163	<b>\$</b> 77	\$ 2,877	\$ 84	\$10,849

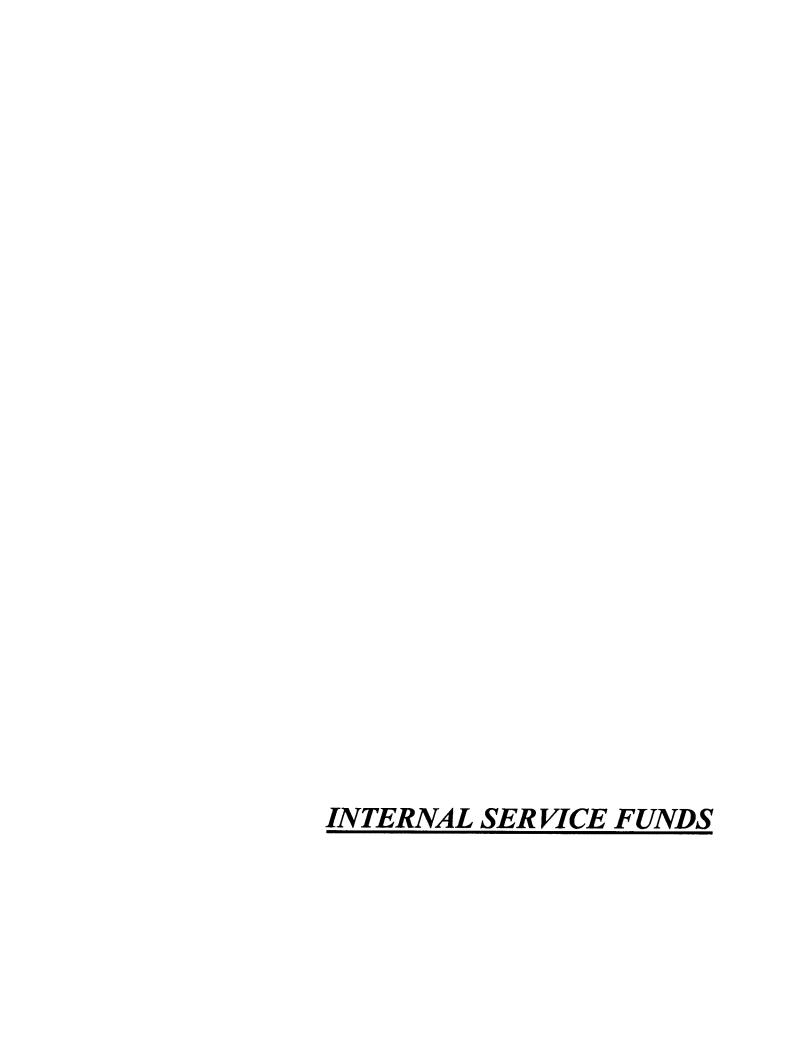
### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2002 (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Law Library	Records Preservation and Automation	Education	Public Health Contract	District Attorney Contracts		
REVENUES:							
Fees of office	\$ 925	\$ 2,384	\$ 19	\$ 876	\$ 724		
Intergovernmental		•	98	5,598	• • •		
Investment income	15	26	3	14	11		
Other revenues	29				250		
Total revenues	969	2,410	120	6,488	985		
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government		316					
Public safety			127				
Transportation support							
Judicial	914	1,329	25		1,152		
Community services				5,556			
Capital outlay	107	456	29	15	3		
Total expenditures	1,021	2,101	181	5,571	1,155		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	(52)	309	(61)	917	(170)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) -							
Operating transfers in (out)	(21)			(601)	<del></del>		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(21)			(601)			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and financing sources over expenditures							
and other uses	(73)	309	(61)	316	(170)		
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	641_	969	139	451	<u>743</u>		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 568	\$ 1,278	\$ 78	\$ 767	\$ 573		

Sheriff Contracts	Miscellaneous Contracts	Court Designated Funds	Vehicle Inventory Tax	Consumer Health	Housing Finance Corporation	Industrial Development Corporation	Total
	\$ 42 2,033	\$ 1,336		\$ 415			\$ 6,721 7,729
\$ 11 261	30 921	9	\$ 164	2	\$ 70 368	\$ 3	358 1,829
272	3,026	1,345	164	417	438	3	16,637
149	1,485 1,397 3	300 82	49		114	3	2,267 1,755 3
	102 872	244		479			3,766 6,907
42	214		74		<del></del>		940
191	4,073	626	123	479	114	3	15,638
81	(1,047)	719	41	(62)	324		999
	1,040	(638)					(220
	1,040	(638)					(220)
81	(7)	81	41	(62)	324		779
464	1,675	366	122	137	2,361	84	8,152
\$ 545	\$ 1,668	\$ 447	\$ 163	\$ 75	\$ 2,685	\$ 84	\$ 8,931





#### TARRANT COUNTY, TEXAS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FUND DESCRIPTIONS

#### EMPLOYEE BENEFITS FUND

This fund was established to account for Tarrant County employee benefits (e.g., medical, dental and life insurance).

#### SELF INSURANCE FUNDS

These funds were established to account for County self-insured general liability claims including the County Clerk and District Clerk Error and Omissions funds.

#### WORKERS' COMPENSATION FUND

This fund was established to account for workers' compensation claims.

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2002 (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

<u>ASSETS</u>	ployee enefits		Self surance		orkers pensation	<b>p</b>	Total
Current assets:							
Cash and investments	\$ 6,282	\$	4,065	\$	116	\$	10,463
Other receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles	88				32		120
Total current assets	 6,370	·····	4,065		148_		10,583
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	974		13		135		1,122
Other liabilities	410		4,542		7,538		12,490
Deferred revenue	 79						79
Total current liabilities	 1,463	····	4,555		7,673		13,691
NET ASSETS							
Unrestricted	 4,907		(490)	*********	(7,525)		(3,108)
Total net assets	\$ 4,907		(490)	\$	(7,525)	\$	(3,108)

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2002 (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

	Employee Benefits	Self Insurance	Workers Compensation	Total
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Self insurance revenues	\$ 29,956	\$ 20	\$ 2,962	\$ 32,938
Total operating revenues	29,956	20	2,962	32,938
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Personnel	2			2
Materials and supplies			2	2
Building and equipment		64		64
Self insurance claims	27,054	259	4,524	31,837
Total operating expenses	27,056	323	4,526	31,905
Operating income (loss)	2,900	(303)	(1,564)	1,033
NONOPERATING REVENUES:				
Investment income	101	43	30	174
Income (loss) before transfers	3,001	(260)	(1,534)	1,207
TRANSFERS OUT	(376)	***************************************		(376)
Change in net assets	2,625	(260)	(1,534)	831
Total net assets-beginning	2,282	(230)	(5,991)	(3,939)
Total net assets-ending	\$ 4,907	\$ (490)	\$ (7,525)	\$ (3,108)

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2002 (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

	Employee Benefits	Self Insurance	Workers Compensation	Total
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Receipts from customers	\$ 29,947	\$ 21	\$ 2,930	\$ 32,898
Payments to suppliers	(2)	0	0	(2)
Payments to employees	(26,968)	(389)	(3,115)	(30,472)
Net cash flows provided by				
(used in) operating activities	2,977	(368)	(185)	2,424
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Investment income, net	101	43	30	174
NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Operating transfers out	(376)			(376)
Net cash flows used in				
noncapital financing activities	(376)	<del></del>	<u> </u>	(376)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH				
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,702	(325)	(155)	2,222
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS,				
beginning of year	3,580	4,390	271	8,241
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS,				
end of year	\$ 6,282	\$ 4,065	\$ 116	\$ 10,463
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Income (loss) from operations Changes in assets and liabilities:	\$ 2,900	\$ (303)	\$ (1,564)	\$ 1,033
Supplies & prepaid items	30	•	(20)	30
Other receivables	(88)	1	(32)	(119)
Accounts payable Other liabilities	121	8	29	158
Other habilities Deferred Revenue	(65)	(74)	1,382	1,243
Deterred Revenue			<del></del>	79
Net cash flows provided by				
(used in) operating activities	\$ 2,977	\$ (368)	\$ (185)	\$ 2,424

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION
OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE BY SOURCE

#### SEPTEMBER 30, 2002 (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

Land and land improvements	\$	42,118
Construction in progress		5,173
Software development		2,442
Buildings and leasehold improvements		164,838
Equipment		45,702
Infrastructure		48,211
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$	308,484
	***************************************	

#### Investments in governmental funds capital assets by source:

General Fund	\$ 103,942	!
Road & Bridge	59,067	,
Other Governmental Funds	2,641	
Capital Project Funds	140,418	ì
Grant Funds	2,399	)
Donations	17	_
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 308,484	<u> </u>

# CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY SEPTEMBER 30, 2002 (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

Function and Activity		Land	Buildings	Equipment	
General Government:					
County Administrator				\$ 444	
Non-departmental				419	
County Auditor				240	
Budget/Risk Management				8	
Tax Assessor				691	
Elections				250	
Information Technologies				8,989	
Human Resources				67	
Purchasing				26	
Records Management				162	
Facilities	\$	34,704		352	
Construction Services				25	
Graphics				760	
Self Insurance				89	
Group Insurance				7	
Administration Building			\$ 6,511	168	
SW Sub-Courthouse			3,367	26	
C Griffin Sub-Courthouse			205	128	
Griffin Annex			1,117	7	
Manfield Sub-Courthouse			4,907	17	
Storage Building Mansfield Sub-Crt.			73		
Northwest Sub-Courthouse			642	5	
NW Sub-Courthouse Annex			122		
Northeast Sub-Courthouse			596	53	
NE Sub-Courthouse Storage Building			13		
Northeast Annex			89		
Parking Garage			4,454	22	
Records Storage Building			128	13	
Tarrant County Education Center			3,420	27	
Telephone				21	
Mueller Bldg.			1,135	31	
Mebus SE Sub-Courthouse			809		
Anderson Sub-Courthouse			800		
Graphics & Printing			864		
Warehouse West			132		
Voting Machine Warehouse			294		
Sign Carpenter Shop			155		
Echo Lake Park			33		
Premier St. Annex			118		

Infrastructure	Software Development	Construction in Progress	To	otal
	·		****	
			•	444
			\$	444
				419
				240
				8
				691
	<b>6</b> 0.440			250
	\$ 2,442			11,431
				67
				26
				162
				35,056
				25 7.60
				760
				89
				7
				6,679
				3,393
				333
		441		1,565
				4,924
				73
				647
				122
				649
				13
				89
				4,476
				141
		56		3,503
				21
				1,166
				809
				800
				864
				132
				294
				155
				33
				118

# CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY SEPTEMBER 30, 2002 (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

Function and Activity	Land	Buildings	Equipment
General Government (cont'd)			
Precinct 1 Sign Shop		278	
Condominium Austin		55	
Law Center Parking Garage		7,067	
Consulate Building		309	
Tarrant County Plaza		24,820	
TC Plaza Parking		3,060	
Impound Facility		10	
Total General Government	34,704	65,583	13,047
Public Safety:			
Sheriff		135	2,168
Constables			196
Medical Examiner		2,782	2,048
Fire Marshal			143
Community Supervision		2,637	228
Juvenile Probation			266
Pre-trial Release			9
Greenbay Jail Facility		2,173	128
Cold Springs Rehab. Center		3,651	9
Corrections Facility		36,080	86
Lynn Ross Juvenile Center		7,430	7
City/County Jail Complex			86_
Total Public Safety	-	54,888	5,374
Judicial:			
State Civil Courts			35
State Criminal Courts			88
State Family Courts			15
Criminal Attorney Appointment			5
County Civil Courts			27
County Criminal Courts			20
County Probate Courts			32
Justice of the Peace			51
District Attorney			1,542
District Clerk			189
County Clerk			1,743
Domestic Relations			20
Child Support			34
Family Court Service			23
Resititution Enforcement			9

Infrastructure	Software Development	Construction in Progress	Total
	Development		10001
			278
			55
			7,067
			309
			24,820
			3,060
			10
-	2,442	497	116,273
			2,303
			196
			4,830
		<b>5</b> 0	143
		58	2,923
			266 9
			2,301
			3,660
			36,166
			7,437
			86
-	-	58	60,320
			35
			88
			15
			5
			27
			20
			32
			51 1,542
			1,542
			1,743
			20
			34
			23
			9

# CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY SEPTEMBER 30, 2002 (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

Function and Activity	Land	Buildings	Equipment
Judicial (cont'd)			
Jury Services			37
Law Library			38
Criminal Courts Building		3,465	10
Old Courthouse		7,929	23
Justice Center Complex		25,746	112
Civil Courts Building		1,689	
Criminal Justice Building		983	48
Family Law Building			
Total Judicial	-	39,812	4,101
Transportation:			
Precinct 1		311	4,699
Precinct 2		2,156	3,582
Precinct 3		96	4,354
Precinct 4		301	4,983
Central Garage		486	106
Sign Shop		.00	147
Right of Way			23
Transportation	7,414		4,442
Total Transportation	7,414	3,350	22,336
Community Services:			
Health		121	555
Human Services			32
HUD			177
Workforce Investment Act			80
Lancester Annex		129	
Child Protective Services		955	
Total Community Services	-	1,205	844
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 42,118	\$ 164,838	\$ 45,702

Infrastructure	Software  Development	Construction in Progress	Total
1111abit abtuit	Bevelopment	III I Togress	10tai
			37
			38
			3,475
			7,952
			25,858
			1,689
			1,031
		4,601	4,601
-	-	4,601	48,514
			5,010
			5,738
		17	4,467
			5,284
			592
			147
			23
48,211			60,067
48,211	-	17	81,328
			676
			32
			177
			80
			129
******		•	955
-	-	-	2,049
\$ 48,211	\$ 2,442	\$ 5,173	\$ 308,484

# CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENT FUNDS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY SEPTEMBER 30, 2002 (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

	10/1/2001				9/30/2002
Function and Activity	Balance	Additions	Disposals	Adjustments	Balance
General Government:					
County Judge	<b>\$</b> 1			\$ (1)	
County Administrator	678			(234)	\$ 444
Non-departmental	913			(494)	419
County Auditor	492	<b>\$</b> 17		(269)	240
Budget/Risk Management	8	Ψ 17		(20))	8
Tax Assessor	1,648	82	\$ (13)	(1,026)	691
Elections	172	78	Ψ (13)	(1,020)	250
Information Technologies	33,793	4,739	(27)	(27,074)	11,431
Human Resources	186	1,733	(27)	(119)	67
Purchasing	325			(299)	26
Records Management	461			(299)	162
Facilities	29,517	6,463	(12)	(912)	35,056
Construction Services	25,317	0,405	(12)	(912)	25
Graphics	625	217		(92)	760
Self Insurance	238	217	(14)	(82)	760 89
Group Insurance	236 4	7	(14)	(135)	69 7
Administration Building	6,853	11		(4)	•
SW Sub-Courthouse	3,426	32		(185)	6,679
C Griffin Sub-Courthouse	333	32		(65)	3,393 333
Griffin Annex		444		34	
Manfield Sub-Courthouse	1,087	444			1,565
	5,025	<b>7</b> 2		(101)	4,924
Storage Building Mansfield Sub-Crt.		73		44.45	73
Northwest Sub-Courthouse	655	6		(14)	647
NW Sub-Courthouse Annex	122				122
Northeast Sub-Courthouse	682			(33)	649
NE Sub-Courthouse Storage Building	13			40.	13
Northeast Annex	98			(9)	89
Parking Garage	4,490			(14)	4,476
Records Storage Building	141			44.5	141
Tarrant County Education Center	3,466	56		(19)	3,503
Telephone	37			(16)	21
Reproduction Center	6			(6)	-
Mueller Bldg.	1,183			(17)	1,166
Mebus SE Sub-Courthouse	809				809
Anderson Sub-Courthouse	820			(20)	800
Graphics & Printing	864				864
Warehouse West	132				132
Voting Machine Warehouse	294				294
Sign Carpenter Shop	155				155
Echo Lake Park	33				33

94

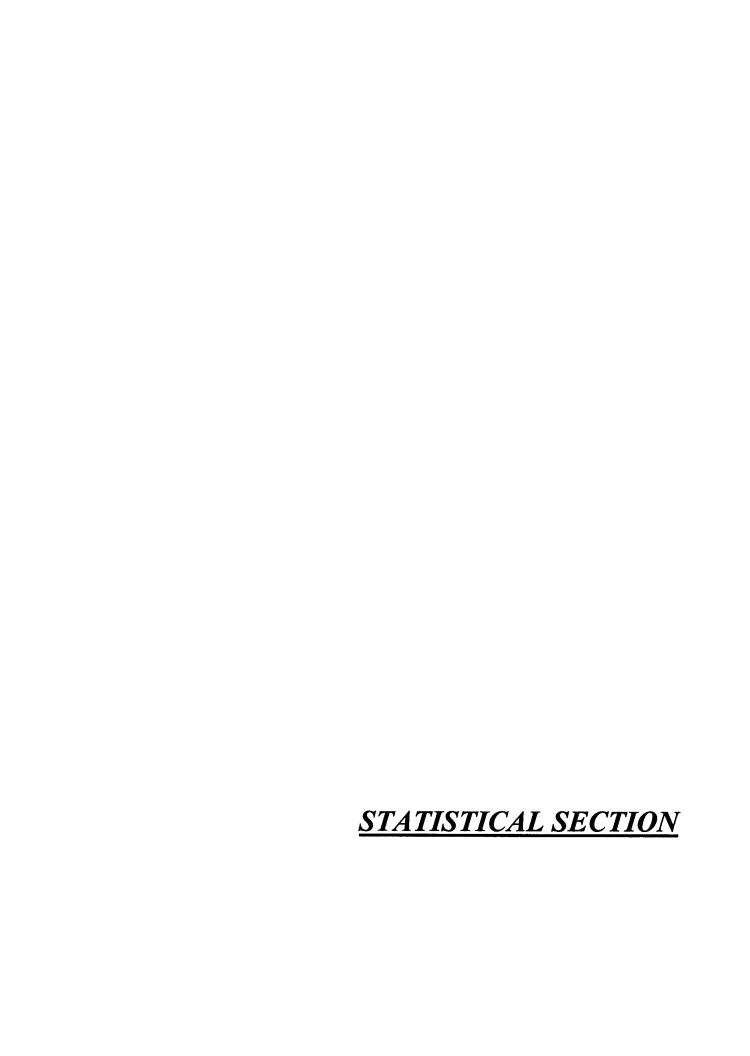
# CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENT FUNDS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY SEPTEMBER 30, 2002 (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

	10/1/2001				9/30/2002
Function and Activity	Balance	Additions	Disposals	Adjustments	Balance
General Government (cont'd)					
Premier St. Annex	118				118
Precinct 1 Sign Shop	278				278
Condominium Austin	55				55
Law Center Parking Garage		6,290		777	7,067
Consulate Building		309			309
Tarrant County Plaza		24,820			24,820
TC Plaza Parking		3,060			3,060
Impound Facility		10			10
Total General Government	100,261	46,714	(66)	(30,636)	116,273
Public Safety:					
Sheriff	4,309	163	(733)	(1,436)	2,303
Constables	586	100	(374)	(16)	196
Medical Examiner	6,002	354	(26)	(1,500)	4,830
Fire Marshal	153		(10)	(1,000)	143
Community Supervision	2,979	58	(10)	(114)	2,923
Juvenile Probation	951	•	(16)	(669)	266
Pre-trial Release	23		(10)	(14)	9
Greenbay Jail Facility	2,354			(53)	2,301
Cold Springs Rehab. Center	3,784	6		(130)	3,660
Corrections Facility	36,193	35		(62)	36,166
Lynn Ross Juvenile Center	6,442	31		964	7,437
City/County Jail Complex	86	31		<del>704</del>	7,437 86
Total Public Safety	63,862	647	(1,159)	(3,030)	60,320
Total I dolle Sulety	05,002	047	(1,155)	(3,030)	00,520
Judicial:					
State Civil Courts	92			(57)	35
State Criminal Courts	146			(58)	88
State Family Courts	45			(30)	15
Appeals Court	65			(65)	-
Criminal Attorney Appointment	12	5		(12)	5
County Civil Courts	27			` ,	27
County Criminal Courts	20				20
County Probate Courts	32				32
Justice of the Peace	87	5		(41)	51
District Attorney	1,651	329	(108)	(330)	1,542
District Clerk	594	6	` ',	(411)	189
County Clerk	3,540	218	(10)	(2,005)	1,743
Domestic Relations	20		( ')	( ) )	20
	_•				- *

95

# CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENT FUNDS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY SEPTEMBER 30, 2002 (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

	10/1/2001				9/30/2002
Function and Activity	Balance	Additions	Disposals	Adjustments	Balance
Judicial (cont'd)					
Child Command	<i>C</i> 4			(20)	2.4
Child Support	64			(30)	34
Family Court Service	50			(27)	23
Benbrook Group Home	5			(5)	-
Resititution Enforcement	9			42.2	9
Jury Services	70			(33)	37
Law Library	148	9		(119)	38
Criminal Courts Building	3,535	26		(86)	3,475
Old Courthouse	7,800	76		76	7,952
Justice Center Complex	26,169			(311)	25,858
Civil Courts Building	1,693			(4)	1,689
Criminal Justice Building	932	114		(15)	1,031
Family Law Building		2,693		1,908	4,601
Total Judicial	46,806	3,481	(118)	(1,655)	48,514
Transportation:					
Precinct 1	6,486	499	(223)	(1,752)	5,010
Precinct 2	5,937	696			
Precinct 3	•		(55)	(840)	5,738
Precinct 4	6,300	216	(63)	(1,986)	4,467 5,284
	7,441	529	(294)	(2,392)	5,284
Central Garage	815	22	(39)	(206)	592
Sign Shop	130	17	/1.1		147
Right of Way	34		(11)	(2.00.5)	23
Transportation	55,475	7,575	(177)	(2,806)	60,067
Total Transportation	82,618	9,554	(862)	(9,982)	81,328
Community Services:					
Health	2,410	68	(13)	(1,789)	676
Human Services	84		()	(52)	32
HUD	619	62	(27)	(477)	177
Workforce Investment Act	155		(= / )	(75)	80
Lancester Annex	129			( - )	129
Child Protective Services	963			(8)	955
Cooperative Extension Service	33			(33)	
Veterans Service	4			(4)	_
Historical Commission	10			(10)	_
Total Community Services	4,407	130	(40)	$\frac{(10)}{(2,448)}$	2,049
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 297,954	\$ 60,526	\$ (2,245)	\$ (47,751)	\$ 308,484



## TARRANT COUNTY, TEXAS GENERAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	General Government	Buildings	Public Safety	Transportation Support	Judicial	Health/ Welfare	Capital	Debt Service	Total
1993	\$ 31,276	\$ 6,898	\$ 47,592	\$ 10,053	\$ 32,019	\$ 4,459	\$ 14,240	\$ 24,592	\$ 171,129
1994	33,847	7,304	52,335	10,417	32,798	4,782	11,863	25,504	178,850
1995	27,514	7,258	55,376	11,733	40,125	5,547	21,622	25,900	195,075
1996	28,456	7,428	50,941	10,891	42,154	6,842	24,572	29,787	201,071
1997	24,159	7,807	60,441	12,921	46,302	6,762	21,094	29,616	209,102
1998	25,911	8,398	64,573	15,272	48,217	7,200	19,998	29,064	218,633
1999	31,828	8,635	69,872	17,183	52,592	7,724	22,972	31,856	242,662
2000	33,376	9,293	74,797	15,631	56,220	8,983	15,546	32,431	246,277
2001	38,101	10,935	78,790	16,319	61,760	5,195	17,169	29,893	258,162
2002	50,049	(2)	97,936	17,233	75,983	55,874	63,509	29,977	390,561

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes general, special revenue, debt service, and capital projects funds.

<sup>(2)</sup> Prior to 2002 buildings were their own functional area.

# TARRANT COUNTY, TEXAS GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Taxes, Licenses & Permits	Fees Of Office	Inter- governmental	Other	Total
1993	\$ 112,912	\$ 21,511	\$ 27,982	\$ 8,211	\$ 170,616
1994	113,502	23,578	45,131	10,665	192,876
1995	115,353	33,680	21,412	13,755	184,200
1996	119,902	37,666	6,514	13,691	177,773
1997	126,864	38,759	7,367	14,018	187,008
1998	134,578	41,579	9,183	14,800	200,140
1999	145,321	44,104	14,015	16,684	220,124
2000	157,734	46,159	14,113	16,395	234,401
2001	180,230	48,335	12,372	16,122	257,059
2002	200,546	54,006	77,271	18,329	350,152 (1)

<sup>(1)</sup> Prior to 2002, Expendable trust revenues were not included as General Governmental.

# TARRANT COUNTY, TEXAS NET TAXABLE VALUATIONS, CURRENT ROLL COLLECTIONS AND DELINQUENT TAXES LAST TEN YEARS

Fiscal Year	Net Valuations	County Rate per \$100	Total Tax Levy	Current Collection Amount	Current Collection Percentage	Delinquent Taxes June 30	Ratio of Delinquent Taxes to Total Tax Levy
1993	\$ 41,846,766	0.271880	\$ 113,773	\$ 111,441	97.95%	\$ 2,332	2.05%
1994	41,415,993	0.271880	112,602	110,068	97.75%	2,534	2.25%
1995	41,171,680	0.271870	111,933	109,896	98.18%	2,037	1.82%
1996	44,453,802	0.266603	118,515	116,726	98.49%	1,790	1.51%
1997	47,411,876	0.264836	125,564	123,693	98.51%	1,871	1.49%
1998	49,028,368	0.264836	129,845	127,962	98.55%	1,883	1.45%
1999	54,578,360	0.264836	144,543	141,840	98.13%	2,703	1.87%
2000	59,465,933	0.264836	157,487	154,904	98.36%	2,583	1.64%
2001	66,100,075	0.274785	181,633	178,109	98.06%	3,524	1.94%
2002	73,058,209	0.274785	200,753	196,253	97.76%	4,500	2.24%

## TARRANT COUNTY, TEXAS ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN YEARS

	Real F	roperty	Personal	Property	_Exemptions	T	otal	Ratio of Total
Fiscal Year	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Real Property	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value To Total Estimated Actual Value
1993	\$ 38,301,020	\$ 41,183,892	\$ 7,998,462	\$ 8,161,696	\$ 4,452,716	\$ 41,846,766	\$ 49,345,588	84.80%
1994	37,358,629	40,170,569	8,465,346	8,638,108	4,407,982	41,415,993	48,808,677	84.85%
1995	37,453,798	40,272,901	8,529,637	8,703,711	4,811,755	41,171,680	48,976,612	84.06%
1996	39,251,082	42,205,465	9,767,610	9,966,949	4,564,890	44,453,802	52,172,414	85.21%
1997	41,715,056	44,854,899	11,021,428	11,246,355	5,324,608	47,411,876	56,101,254	84.51%
1998	44,569,464	47,924,155	11,481,681	11,716,001	7,022,776	49,028,369	59,640,156	82.21%
1999	48,530,101	52,182,904	12,300,540	12,551,571	6,252,281	54,578,360	64,734,475	84.31%
2000	52,879,037	56,859,180	13,268,352	13,539,135	6,681,456	59,465,933	70,398,315	84.47%
2001	59,007,528	63,448,955	14,349,965	14,642,821	7,257,418	66,100,075	78,091,776	84.64%
2002	63,077,190	67,824,935	18,593,776	18,973,241	8,612,757	73,058,209	86,798,176	84.17%

### TARRANT COUNTY, TEXAS COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

#### September 30, 2002 (Amounts in thousands) (UNAUDITED)

Assessed Value of Real Property		\$ 63,077,190
Debt Limit Rate (1)		0.25
Amount of Debt Limit		15,769,298
Road Bonds Outstanding		
Legal Debt Margin		\$ 15,769,298
Assessed Value of All Taxable Property		\$ 73,058,209
Debt Limit Rate (2)		0.05
Amount of Debt Limit		3,652,910
Total General Bonded Debt	\$ 163,415	
Less Debt Service Fund Cash and Investments	(1,430)	
Total Net Bonded Debt		161,985
Amount of Debt Margin		\$ 3,490,925

<sup>(1)</sup> Texas Constitution Article 3 Section 52 (b)

<sup>(2)</sup> Vernon's Texas Codes Annotated-Government Code 1301.003 (c)

# TARRANT COUNTY, TEXAS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING AD VALOREM TAX RATES LAST TEN YEARS

(Per \$100 valuation) (UNAUDITED)

ENTITY	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997
Tarrant County					
Operating Fund	\$0.210290	\$0.211850	\$0.202045	\$0.205246	\$0.209062
Debt Service Fund	0.061590	0.060020	0.064558	0.059590	0.055774
<b>Total County Funds</b>	0.271880	0.271870	0.266603	0.264836	0.264836
Farm to market and					
lateral roads	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
Total Tarrant County	0.271880	0.271870	0.266603	0.264836	0.264836
Tarrant County Hospital District	0.242100	0.244640	0.239840	0.234070	0.234070
Tarrant County College District	0.046710	0.056510	0.055460	0.057720	0.057690
Tarrant County Regional					
Water District	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.020000	0.019823
Tarrant County Fresh					
Water Supply	0.194000	0.218000	0.218000	0.218000	0.218000
Rural Fire Prevention District	0.030000	0.030000	0.030000	0.000000	0.000000
Emergency Service District	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.030000	0.050000
Total	\$0.784690	\$0.821020	\$0.809903	\$0.824626	\$0.844419

1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
\$0.208638	\$0.212890	\$0.230460	\$0.235486	\$0.237419
0.056198	0.051946	0.044325	0.039299	0.035081
0.264836	0.264836	0.274785	0.274785	0.272500
0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	
0.264836	0.264836	0.274785	0.274785	0.272500
0.234070	0.234070	0.234070	0.234070	0.232400
0.106410	0.106410	0.106410	0.106410	0.139380
0.019823	0.019823	0.020000	0.020000	0.020000
0.218000	0.218000	0.218000	0.218000	0.218000
0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
0.080000	0.080000	0.080000	0.080000	0.100000
\$0.923139	\$0.923139	\$0.933265	\$0.933265	\$0.982280

# TARRANT COUNTY, TEXAS RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUES AND BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN YEARS

(Amounts in thousands, except per capita)
(UNAUDITED)

						t PM	Net
<b></b> .	<b></b>	Net	General	Less Debt	Net	Ratio To	General
Fiscal	Estimated	Assessed	Bonded	Service Cash	Bonded	Assessed	Bonded Debt
Year	Population	Values	Debt	and Investments	Debt	<u>Values</u>	Per Capita
1993	1,202	\$ 41,846,766	\$ 154,780	\$ 487	\$ 154,293	0.37%	128.36
1994	1,235	41,415,993	156,415	905	155,510	0.38%	125.92
1995	1,250	41,171,680	159,175	1,178	157,997	0.38%	126.40
1996	1,280	44,453,802	149,355	875	148,480	0.33%	116.00
1997	1,299	47,411,876	126,860	400	126,460	0.27%	97.35
1998	1,310	49,028,369	122,620	419	122,201	0.25%	93.28
1999	1,337	54,578,360	141,075	439	140,636	0.26%	105.19
2000	1,446	59,465,933	127,305	651	126,654	0.21%	87.59
2001	1,472	66,100,075	91,345	615	90,730	0.14%	61.64
2002	1,490	73,058,209	163,415	1,430	161,985	0.22%	108.71

# TARRANT COUNTY, TEXAS RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

<u>Year</u>	Principal	Interest and Other Expenditures	Total Debt Service	Total General Governmental Expenditures	Ratio
1993	\$ 13,815	\$ 10,777	\$ 24,592	\$ 171,129	14.37%
1994	15,890	9,614	25,504	178,850	14.26%
1995	17,940	7,961	25,901	195,075	13.28%
1996	22,220	7,567	29,787	201,071	14.81%
1997	22,495	7,121	29,616	209,102	14.16%
1998	22,340	6,724	29,064	218,633	13.29%
1999	25,770	6,086	31,856	242,662	13.13%
2000	25,770	6,661	32,431	246,277	13.17%
2001	23,865	6,028	29,893	258,162	11.58%
2002	24,495	5,249	29,744	390,561 (1)	7.62%

<sup>(1)</sup> Prior to 2002, Expendable trust expenditures were not included as General Governmental.

### TARRANT COUNTY, TEXAS ESTIMATED CONSOLIDATED OVERLAPPING DEBT

### September 30, 2002 (Amounts in thousands) (UNAUDITED)

Taxing Jurisdiction	Total Funded Debt	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Overlapping Funded Debt 9/30/2002
Tarrant County	\$187,910	100.00%	\$187,910
Special Districts:			
Tarrant County Fresh Water Supply District #1	1,980	100.00%	1,980
Tarrant County Hospital District	7,390	100.00%	7,390
Tarrant County College District	80,900	100.00%	80,900
County Line Special District:			
Trophy Club Municipal Utility District #1 Total Special Districts	5,588	0.53%	90,300
Cities:			
Arlington	277,390	100.00%	277,390
Bedford	58,340	100.00%	58,340
Benbrook	7,437	100.00%	7,437
Colleyville	29,000	100.00%	29,000
Crowley	9,950	100.00%	9,950
Dalworthington Gardens	1,115	100.00%	1,115
Euless	56,944	100.00%	56,944
Everman	3,635	100.00%	3,635
Forest Hill	2,990	100.00%	2,990
Fort Worth	310,892	99.69%	309,928
Haltom City	13,720	100.00%	13,720
Haslet	2,505	100.00%	2,505
Hurst	16,010	100.00%	16,010
Keller	79,445	100.00%	79,445
Kennedale	5,330	100.00%	5,330
North Richland Hills	52,764	100.00%	52,764
Pantego	1,055	100.00%	1,055
Richland Hills	5,535	100.00%	5,535
Saginaw	14,135	100.00%	14,135
Watauga	20,630	100.00%	20,630
Westover Hills	535	100.00%	535
White Settlement	6,035	100.00%	6,035
Total Cities			974,428

### TARRANT COUNTY, TEXAS ESTIMATED CONSOLIDATED OVERLAPPING DEBT

### **September 30, 2002**

	Total Funded	Estimated Percentage	Overlapping Funded Debt
Taxing Jurisdiction (cont'd)	Debt	Applicable	9/1/2002
County Line Cities:			
Azle	\$11,560	78.94%	\$9,125
Burleson	15,055	9.26%	1,394
Grand Prairie	76,949	45.24%	34,812
Grapevine	150,575	99.64%	150,033
Mansfield	62,415	77.52%	48,384
Southlake	114,800	99.16%	113,836
Total County Line Cities			357,584
School Districts:			
Arlington Independent School District	540,913	100.00%	540,913
Birdville Independent School District	150,433	100.00%	150,433
Carroll Independent School District	158,689	100.00%	158,689
Castleberry Independent School District	23,395	100.00%	23,395
Eagle Mountain Saginaw Independent School District	44,825	100.00%	44,825
Everman Independent School District	890	100.00%	890
Fort Worth Independent School District	419,371	100.00%	419,371
Hurst Euless Bedford Independent School District	247,538	100.00%	247,538
Keller Independent School District	404,567	100.00%	404,567
Kennedale Independent School District	17,981	100.00%	17,981
Lake Worth Independent School District	24,811	100.00%	24,811
White Settlement Independent School District	16,885	100.00%	16,885
Total School Districts			2,050,298
County Line School Districts:			
Aledo Independent School District	45,858	3.49%	1,600
Azle Independent School District	35,405	63.04%	22,319
Burleson Independent School District	58,257	25.81%	15,036
Crowley Independent School District	90,048	96.15%	86,581
Godley Independent School District	9,785	9.52%	932
Grapevine Colleyville Independent School District	255,596	98.99%	253,014
Mansfield Independent School District	203,758	82.26%	167,611
Northwest Independent School District	116,872	22.46%	26,249
Total County Line School Districts			573,344
Total Overlapping Funded Debt			4,045,954
Total Direct and Overlapping Funded Debt			\$ 4,233,864

# TARRANT COUNTY, TEXAS CONSTRUCTION AND BANK DEPOSITS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	Residential C	Bank	
Year	Permits	Value	Deposits (in thousands)
1992	5,085	\$ 152,700	\$ 9,008,347
1993	5,987	160,100	9,414,753
1994	7,371	158,900	8,978,708
1995	8,866	164,000	9,208,261
1996	9,486	169,900	9,308,194
1997	10,077	178,400	11,145,738
1998	13,458	176,500	11,655,668
1999	10,754	183,500	12,910,848
2000	11,685	176,500	12,911,000
2001	13,399	174,650	15,121,000

Source: U.S. Bureau of Census and FDIC.

### TARRANT COUNTY, TEXAS TEN LARGEST TAXPAYERS

Taxpayer	Nature of Property	2001/2002 Taxable Assessed Valuation	% of Total Taxable Assessed Valuation
American Airlines	Terminals & Facilities	\$948,742	1.29%
Texas Utilities Electric	Electric Utility	875,022	1.19%
Southwestern Bell & Mobile	Telephone Utility	543,713	0.74%
Albertson, Inc.	Retail & Distributing Facility	276,447	0.38%
Textron, Inc.	Helicopter Manufacturing Facility	222,732	0.30%
General Motors Corp.	Automobile Manufacturing	183,543	0.25%
Delta Airlines, Inc.	Terminals & Facilities	169,331	0.23%
Grapevine Mills Ltd. Partnership	Retail Facility	165,361	0.22%
Alcon Laboratories Inc.	Pharmaceuticals	156,414	0.21%
Radio Shack, Inc.	Retail Electronics	136,623	0.19%
		\$3,677,928	5.00%

### GENERAL INFORMATION

Date of incorporation	1849
County seat Birdville	1849-1856
Fort Worth	1856-present
Area - square miles	863
	4
	69
Non-elected employees	4,122
POPU	LATION
1920 Census 1930 Census 1940 Census 1950 Census 1960 Census 1960 Census 1970 Census 1980 Census 1990 Census 2000 Census 2001 Estimated 2002 Estimated	153,000 163,000 256,000 361,000 538,000 716,000 861,000 1,170,000 1,446,000 1,472,000 1,490,000

Source: North Central Texas Council of Governments

### POPULATION DISTRIBUTION

	17 - UNDER	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - OVER
1992	27.7	10.1	19.7	22.6	19.9
1993	28.0	9.8	19.0	23.0	20.1
1994	28.3	9.6	18.3	23.5	20.4
1995	28.4	9.4	17.5	24.0	20.6
1996	28.6	9.2	16.9	24.5	20.8
1997	28.7	9.3	16.1	24.7	21.2
1998	28.7	9.4	15.3	24.9	21.6
1999	28.8	9.6	14.6	25.0	22.0
2000	28.1	10.0	16.3	24.1	21.5
2001	28.0	10.0	16.2	24.0	21.8

Sources: U.S. Bureau of Census and Texas State Data Center

### NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES IN MAJOR WORK FORCE SECTORS (000's omitted)

	2001	2000
Construction	40	40
Manufacturing	97	102
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	181	185
Education & Health	69	66
Service	225	225
Government	92	90
Total	704	708

Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and State Comptroller of Public Accounts

### TEN LARGEST EMPLOYERS®

	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES				
	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997
AMRCorp./American Airlines	28,492	28,600	30,000	30,000	30,000
Fort Worth Independent School District	12,513	11,900	9,500	9,500	8,000
Lockheed Fort Worth Division	11,400	10,500	10,000	10,000	11,000
Texas Health Resources	8,800	6,700	6,000	6,000	7,400
Arlington Independent School District	6,723	6,700	6,300	6,300	6,300
Bell Helicopter-Textron	6,000	6,400	6,200	6,200	6,400
City of Fort Worth	5,480	5,400	5,100	5,200	5,200
Radio Shack Corp.	4,295	4,600	4,500	4,700	5,400
Tarrant County Governmet	4,196	4,100	4,000	4,000	4,000
Harris Hospital	3,728	3,800	5,100	5,100	5,100

### UNEMPLOYMENT AND HOUSEHOLD BUYING POWER®

	Unemployment Rate	Effective Buying Income Per Household
1992	6.8	21,504
1993	6.3	23,125
1994	5.5	24,636
1995	4.9	23,297
1996	3.9	21,934
1997	3.6	23,071
1998	3.3	24,748
1999	3.1	26,472
2000	3.1	28,138
2001	4.2	30,490

### TRANSPORTATION(1)

Dallas-Fort Worth International Airport	
Opened	1974
Longest Runway	13,400 feet
Scheduled Airlines	27
Passengers Arriving/Departing	39,752,533
Meacham International Airport	
Opened	1925
Longest Runway	7,500 feet
Scheduled Airline	none
Fort Worth Alliance Airport	
Opened	1989
Longest Runway	9,600 feet
Scheduled Airlines (cargo only)	1
Trucking Services	750
Railroad Services	6

(1)Source: Fort Worth Business Press, individual firms and Fort Worth Chamber of Commerce.

#### **EDUCATION**

The Fort Worth Independent School District serves as the largest single school district in Tarrant County. The 133 schools in the district operate on the 5-3-4 plan in which the elementary schools (77) teach grades 1-5; middle schools (24), grades 6-8; senior high schools (13), grades 9-12, and (19) alternative schools. The Fort Worth School District employs approximately 5,024 classroom teachers to instruct the 80,534 students. Special education programs are provided for the blind, handicapped, mentally retarded, brain injured, emotionally disturbed and those who require speech and hearing therapy in 10 special schools. Vocational training is provided at the secondary level for the educable mentally retarded. Bilingual programs are also offered at the primary and secondary level. There are over 50 private and parochial institutions in the primary and secondary education area with a combined enrollment of approximately 7,300 students.

#### TARRANT COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOL ENROLLMENT

1992	219,000
1993	224,000
1994	229,000
1995	236,000
1996	244,000
1997	250,000
1998	256,000
1999	256,000
2000	260,000
2001	276,000

Tarrant County has eight college and university campuses with an enrollment of more than 63,000 students in both undergraduate and graduate programs.

	Spring 2002 Enrollment	Type of Institution/ Year Founded	Type of Degrees Available
Tarrant County College *	27,354	Community college/1965	Associate's and certificates of completion
University of Texas at Arlington	20,842	State/1895	Bachelor's, master's, and doctorate
Texas Christian University	7,421	Private/1873	Bachelor's, master's, doctorate, and professional
Southwestern Baptist Theological Seminary	2,839	Theological Seminary/ 1908	Master's, doctorate
Texas Wesleyan University	2,617	Private/1890	Bachelor's, master's, JD

<sup>\*</sup>Includes Northeast, Northwest, South and Southeast campuses.

Source: Texas Education Agency and Fort Worth Business Press

